THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, APRIL 23, 1873.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

Summary of State News.

SPARTA.

Whooping cough still abounds among the little people.——Mrs. James Anderson, of Hancock, died on the 17th inst.—*Times and Planter.*

BAINBRIDGE.

Strawberries and green peas are plentiful in our market.——T. J. Benton has been elected foreman of Oak City Hook and Ladder Company, of Bainbridge.—*Sun.*

ATHENS.

Several new buildings are in process of erection in our city.——Cotton continues to come into market daily.——The demand for guano continues unabated.——E. S. England & Co., of Athens, sold eighty-three tons of guano one day this season.——The Athens Brass Band play the Luckie Quickstep, a piece of music composed by their leader, and named for the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, A. T. Luckie.——Mr. Drysdale, the new pastor of Emanuel Church, at Athens, has already endeared himself to the people, who testify their appreciation for him by filling the edifice at every service.——There is living, in Banks county, a man by the name of Henry Jackson, who is one hundred and fifteen years old. Mr. Jackson has never had a day's sickness.——Athens can boast of as fine a display of horse flesh, owned by private families, as any city in the State.——Young L. G. Harris has been elected president, and A. P. Dearing cashier, of the Bank of the University, at Athens. *Northeast Georgian.*

Daily Condensations.

It is proposed to spend $31,000 to celebrate the Fourth of July in Boston.

Two hundred licensed organ grinders have been let loose on the people of Boston.

One-fourth of the suicides in New York are American, and two-fifths German. The latter population, although equaled in numbers by native Irish, furnish three times as many self-murderers.

The literary staff of the London Times embraces three hundred persons, the chief editor receiving a salary as large as the President of the United States. John Walter is proprietor.

Political Notes.

Massachusetts refuses to pension its retired judges.

Ohio proposes to pay its legislators by the session instead of by the day.

The Illinois Legislature refuses to increase the salaries of its members and officers.

In Tennessee at a Congressional election where there is a tie vote the Governor is to cast the decisive vote.

Almost every town in Illinois holding elections in April has gone Democratic.

The Arkansas Legislature has been considering a memorial to Congress asking that body to give the people of the State "a good Republican government, a good monarchy, or a good despotism." They want a decent national government of some name.

The Buffalo Express says: "Tweed has gone to Canada. It is not known whether he has gone there to live, or whether he means to steal the Dominion and sell it to Chicago for town lots."

Gleanings.

A great tail-bearer—A peacock.

The certain way to be cheated is to fancy one's self more cunning than others.

Chinese bird fanciers tie tin whistles to the tails of their feathered pets to protect them from vultures. As the birds fly the whistles shriek, and the vulture is scared and flies away.

The late N. P. Willis, when once asked to make a speech, replied that it was not his forte. Said he, "I am by profession a writer, and you cannot expect a pump to give water from the handle as well as from the mouth."

The wealthiest farmer in the world is the Khedive of Egypt, who cultivates nearly a million acres. He is said to have 4,000 steam plows, and whose yearly income amounts to nearly $50,000,000.

Humorous.

Babes in the wood—Dolls.

The controller-general—Cupid.

A handsome thing in shawls—A pretty girl.

A spring opening—The mouth of a bull dog on the jump.

"Were you ever baptized?" inquired an earnest minister to a green candidate. "No—no-o, sir; never only once, and then I fell in."

A few days since a gentleman returning from Europe called at the Custom House in Boston, and asked what the duty on the Parian figure of a young girl in a musing attitude would be. The officer looked up a moment and replied: "Hum! maiden! meditation! fancy! free!

General News.

Waltham, Mass., now manufactures 300 watches per day.

The debt of Alabama averages $17 00 for every person in the State.

Edmund C. Hubbell, a new York compositor, has been known to set 13,900 ems, distribute, and correct his proofs, in ten hours' time.

Knoxville is making rapid strides in substantial improvements at the present time. New and elegant dwellings are going up in all parts of the city.

The greatest carpet manufacturing locality in the world is in the nineteenth ward of Philadelphia. There are two hundred and fifty manufactories in the ward. The number of looms is 8,000. On an average 800,000 yards of carpet are turned out weekly. The number of yards made in a year are 41,600,000.

The Laws of the Rail.

A list of the decisions has lately been published by a paper devoted to railroad subjects, which may be of interest to those who travel by rail.

The legal definition of a passenger is "a person who undertakes, with the consent of the carriers, to travel in the conveyance provided by the latter, otherwise in the service of the carrier as such."

Railway companies are bound to carry all who offer themselves, unless they are offensive in person or conduct, or the cars are already full.

Waiting at the depot with the intention to take the train is sufficient to constitute the relation of passenger and carrier.

"Good for this day only," printed upon a ticket, has been decided by the courts to be of no effect. The passenger has paid his money and is entitled to transportation.

It has also been decided by a New York court that a ticket between any two points is good either way, but the decision is a doubtful one.

Any injury to the person of the passenger through the negligence of the agents of the railway, subjects the latter to damages, and any loss of baggage (it must be only such as is necessary to the comfort of a traveler) can be recovered by civil process, and the contents of a trunk can be proved by the oath of the plaintiff.

LABOR AND WAIT.—There are two things that always pay. Working and waiting. Either is useless without the other. Both united are invincible and inevitably triumphant. He who waits without working is simply a man yielding to sloth and despair. He who works without waiting is fitful in his strivings, and misses results by impatience. He who works steadily and waits patiently may have a long journey before him, but at the close he will find his reward.

☞ The meanest man I ever nu was the one who stole a sugar chisel from a nigger baby to sweeten a kup of koffie with.

STOCKS "DOWN."

Wall Street in a Panic.

Suspension of the House of Barton & Allen.

THE CAUSE OF THE FALL.

Why Vanderbilt Allowed His Relatives to "Go Under"—The Rumors which Flew Around—Interview with Mr. Barton—He Hopes to be Able to Recover—Three Other and Small Failures During the Afternoon—Scenes in the Stock Exchange and on the Streets.

[From the New York Herald.]

If there is anything in financial history which can equal "Black Friday," (a day from which all comparison must start) it would be the scene which took place yesterday in the Stock Exchange. There were not, to be sure, the same number of failures, nor was there the same universal overweighting of the grief produced by ruin, but for intense excitement, for frenzied madness the scene yesterday was fully equal to that which characterized that great day on 'Change.

Yesterday morning we prognosticated that the day would not pass without a great rise in stocks or a panic. One or the other was necessary and inevitable to relieve the suspense, felt not only by the financial men, brokers, bankers, etc., but by the community at large. The rise did not come, but the panic did.

It is not difficult to see the causes which operated to throw the dormant panic into active being. The money market has never been more stringent than within the past few days—we might say the past few weeks. During this time hardly a day has passed that money has not been quoted at a quarter above the legal rate of seven per cent.—that is to say about seventy-five per cent. per annum. Offers three-eights, one-half, five-eights and three-quarters per cent. have been given for money for a single day's use, and sometimes even money has been lent from one to another on such interest as one per cent. a day. It became very evident that as this stringency continued something must happen to relieve the market. Speculators and brokers grew more and more anxious every day, and at last matters reached a climax. This was yesterday.

SYMPTOMS OF A PANIC.

The street was in a ferment more or less all day. As the day wore on it became more and more apparent that something out of the usual way was preparing. Things were feverish and unsettled, and there was the same heaviness in the air of finance as there is in the summer atmosphere preceding a storm. Nobody seemed to have any definite idea of what he wanted to do. All were scared and fought shy. Even the most solid men seemed to have forgotten their usual cunning, and did not want to take risks when all announced that the present state of the market might be turned upside down inside of an hour.

THE STORM BREAKS.

At 2 o'clock it was announced in the Stock Exchange that the firm of Barton & Allen had failed.

The news was so sudden, so astounding, so unexpected that for a few moments no one appeared to realize the intelligence. The boisterous Exchange, the scene of so many hard battles, was still as a field after the battle was over. But it had not begun. The stillness lasted perhaps ten seconds, and then all together, instantaneously, as if by a common accord, in a magnificent ensemble, broke out 500 discordant shouts, and, what with the wild rushing around, the raps of the gavel, the click of the telegraph, and the banging of the doors, as the crazy brokers from outside rushed in to hear the intelligence, one could readily imagine that some splendid *entrepreneur* had been at vast expense to reproduce to the life some infernal scene of Dante's poem. But the reality was a thousand times worse than any mock representation could be.

The tranquil and ignorant spectator in the gallery must have been aroused from his calm lethargy of contemplation at this

BABYLONIAN SCENE

and have wondered what it all meant. There were the well-dressed, gorgeously-jeweled forms of the financial men rushing about shaking their arms wildly as they made some offer or some bid, and shrieking so that human voice seemed to be inadequate to their desires. But the extent of the results which were operated in these few moments which followed the announcement of the panic could give some better idea of what all this did mean than the mere witnessing of it. The fact was that, within the space of half an hour, the values of the country had dropped about twenty-five millions of dollars from what they were before that time. Union Pacific, one of the strong stocks, it was thought by many fell about eight per cent.—that is to say, from 32¾ to 25. The biggest fall was that of Western Union, always one of the speculative stocks, which fell from 84 to 76. Then followed a lot of others. New York Central from 101 to 98, Lake Shore from 91 to 88¼, Rock Island from 107¾ to 104¾, Wabash 68 to 62, Ohio 43¾ to 41, and others too numerous to mention. There was hardly a stock in the street that did not suffer more or less from the panic which took hold of the Stock Exchange with such insane fury. During the remainder of the afternoon, as will be seen elsewhere, the market fluctuated, more or less, and closed with a slight rally, mainly caused by the fact that the money market eased up. But for all the dabbling in stocks that was done after the panic the feeling among all was one of intense insecurity and uncertainty, and there is little doubt but that the market will open with a feverish tendency to-day.

THE CAUSE OF THE PANIC.

It may seem very strange to the readers of the Herald, who do not frequent Wall street, that the failure of one house in the street should be the cause of so much trouble as took place in the Stock Exchange. But there was more than this in it. There was a combination of influences at work. Those who had been short of stocks have been endeavoring to push prices down. Money has been tight, and stocks have been hard to carry. When, therefore, a well known, solid house like that of Barton & Allen failed, and it was known they had an immense amount of stocks on hand, the tendency was to send things down, but when their stocks came flooding into the market of course stocks went down with a rush, and those who were "long" of stocks suffered. Barton & Allen, in two words, had carried more stocks than they were able and had to knock under.

THE ROMANCE OF THE FAILURE.

But what added a tinge of romance to the failure of this house is that it was generally supposed to be one of the brokerage firms of Cornelius Vanderbilt. Mr. Barton was a nephew, and Mr. Allen a grandson of the old Commodore, and the ties of family had always been supposed so strong between the old gentleman and his relations that he would on no account allow any of them to go to the wall. But in this case the result was not as had been expected. The Commodore did allow his relatives to go to the wall, and several explanations were given of his course in the matter.

WHY COMMODORE VANDERBILT ACTED AS HE DID.

It must be understood that they are only as rumors of the street, but bear a strong tingle of probability. It is well known that several months ago Commodore Vanderbilt quarreled with his son-in-law, Mr. Horace F. Clark. The reason of this was stated to be that the Commodore objected to his relative's speculating in Western stock, particularly when they were fancy stocks. Mr. Clark is said to have an affection for these Western stocks, and dissolved connection with the "old man." The younger members of the family sided with Mr. Clark and abandoned the Commodore. But the day came when the younger shoot needed nourishment of the parent oak, and the oak refused it.

It was also said that when Barton & Allen went into the business they had promised to indulge in no speculation on their own account, but solely to do a commission business. On this condition only did the Commodore consent to give the young firm some of his trade. So it went on for some time, until the mania for speculation seized upon the young men, (both of them were well liked in the street,) and they went it "on their own hook," and made the commission business a side issue. Then the day came when failure seemed inevitable, and they went to the Commodore. But they had gone outside of his orders and he threw them over. As this story came from excellent authority, it seems a very probable one. But the

MOST EXTRAORDINARY OF ALL THE STORIES

was that which obtained a great deal of credence from many brokers. As Jay Gould's name is always connected with every excitement which goes on in Wall street, of course he could not escape so rich a one as this. The story went that Jay Gould and Commodore Vanderbilt had joined hands a good while ago to speculate in the street. They bought a great deal of Union Pacific and, in fact, loaded themselves with it. But the Commodore wanted to "play sharp" upon his partner, got his relatives, Barton & Allen, to buy his Union Pacific, and then allowed them to fail, all for the purpose of breaking Jay Gould. While the story would certainly be no novelty as to Wall street doings it was not very well substantiated. The main fact which gave it color was that Osborn & Chapin, the partners of Jay Gould, were the only parties who consistently bought up all the Union Pacific they could. This would be, of course, a game on Gould's part to protect the stock and keep it up in value. If only he is able to carry such an immense amount, there is little doubt, but what he is, however, if, as reported, he is aided by Horace F. Clark.

AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. BARTON.

Yesterday afternoon, some time after the failure had been announced, a reporter called at the office of Barton & Allen. Mr. Barton expressed a perfect willingness to see the reporter.

"Sorry to trouble you, under the circumstances," said the reporter, "but as there are a thousand different reports around the streets about your house, it was better to get the thing right than wrong."

"I shall be very happy to inform you of anything in the matter," said Mr. Barton.

"What was the cause of the failure?"

"Well, we were overloaded with stocks and thought we would carry them; but the stringency of the money market has been too much for us, and we were obliged to fail."

"Is the report true that Mr. Richard Schell was the gentleman who forced you into this, you having a great amount of stock on hand?"

"No; the report is false. The fact is that Mr. Schell was not even a customer of ours, and we did no business with him whatever."

"Then, were the stocks you carried entirely on your own account?"

"No; we have had several very heavy customers who are interested in the matter, but we were very heavily interested ourselves in Union Pacific, Western Union, Ohio and other stocks, and are heavy losers. It is no use concealing that."

"The street, Mr. Barton, seems to think it very strange that Commodore Vanderbilt did not stick by you."

"I suppose you know he is a relation of ours. If Mr. Vanderbilt had stuck by us we shouldn't have failed. But he would not."

"Were you doing any business with him?"

"None whatever, lately."

"Can you let me know the names of the customers who were to some extent the cause of the downfall?"

"This is a matter of confidence which I dare not violate."

"What hopes have you of recovering from this blow?"

"We can't tell as yet. It depends altogether upon how the other brokers treat us. If they are willing to accept a settlement of so much on the dollar, I have no doubt we can get on our feet again; but if they exact to the cent I am afraid we shall not recover."

"Do you know what will be the basis of your settlement?"

"I do not. We shall have to go over all our books to find that out."

"Do you know what are your liabilities?"

"I have not the slightest idea. It will require extended examination before we can tell."

The reporter left and went over to Mr. Bocock's office to learn any particulars he could give of the affair.

INTERVIEW WITH S. W. BOCOCK.

Mr. Bocock said he knew it was false that Richard Schell had been at all instrumental in the downfall of Barton & Allen. Richard Schell traded with him, and, instead of losing, had come out about six per cent. ahead on his speculations at the panic. Mr. Bocock said that the reason Mr. Vanderbilt did not help his relations was that he cared no more about his relations in business than he did for any one else, and that, though he had done business with Barton & Allen, he disliked their speculation. This, said Mr. Bocock, was simply what he had heard. He believed Messrs. Barton & Allen would be on their feet again shortly. They were both gentlemen of means, and had money outside of their business. He thought that the panic would be generally very beneficial to Wall street, and would make money easy hereafter, but that the time when money was unusually tight had gone over, and that now the country settlements were through plenty of money would flow back to Wall street. He thought the amount of currency was too little for the business of the country.

Several small failures in the street were announced yesterday. C. H. Otis, H. A. Foster and H. Morse failed during the afternoon, and for small sums, it was supposed. They are counted among the "habituals," and their failure caused no excitement whatever among the financiers. Barton & Allen's liabilities are reported to be $200,000.

"THEM STRINGS"—Redfield, in one of his New York letters, gets off this:

A Louisville drummer was the other day giving his experience in the Red River country. I chanced to be a listener. "In a small town below Shreveport," he said, "I was going around with my samples when I met a green, gawkish looking fellow, with two fancy red strings hanging down on each side of his boot legs, which I supposed were drawer strings, not knowing that they wore red strings around their legs for ornament. In a spirit of kindness I said: "Stranger, your drawer strings are hanging down." He gave me a savage look, put his hand on his pistol belt, and drawled out: "Look a-here, mister, are you running them strings?"

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR!

Heavy Fighting in the Lava Beds.

The Gas Strikers at Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON.

ALL QUIET.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Nothing later at the War or Interior Departments from the Modoc War up to noon to-day.

NEW YORK.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Twelve thousand emigrants arrived at this port during last week.

Charles G. Hampton was arrested while disposing of $50,000 in bonds stolen from a Pittsburg merchant.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, April 22.—Thirty-nine of the forty-three strikers at the gas works struck for more wages and fewer hours. New hands have been engaged.

RHODE ISLAND

PROVIDENCE, April 22.—Four bodies remain here without identification that were buried in the ruins. The friends of the young girl failed to find the missing persons.

CALIFORNIA.

TEXAS PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—Ground was broken for the Texas Pacific Railroad yesterday, at San Diego, in the presence of a large assemblage of people. The directors say the road will be completed by 1876.

THE MODOCS—MORE FIGHTING.

The women and children were removed before the massacre of the Peace Commissioners. The Modocs appear to be entrenched in the neighboring caves. Eleven dead and one live Modoc were found in the lava beds to-day, making sixteen Modoc warriors dead. Six soldiers and one civilian have been killed, and 11 soldiers wounded.

When the cavalry returns the Modocs will be attacked where it is supposed they are.

A dispatch of the 20th says that nothing has transpired. The troops are waiting the return of the cavalry and Warm Spring Indians.

LATER.—A heavy and steady firing is going on at the head of Long Cave, where the troops were attacked by the Indians coming down for water.

LOUISIANA.

RACES.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—Callie Watson won the first time, 1.46; Warwick, b. c., won the second, time 1.44¼; Morgan Scout won the third, time 7.30½, 7.34, 8.04¼.

FRANCE.

EXECUTIONS IN ALGIERS.

PARIS, April 22.—A dispatch from Algiers states that four insurrectionary chiefs have been executed.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Cotton quiet: middling uplands 19⅝; Orleans 19⅞; sales 927 bales.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and firm for prime spring. Corn strong—old Western mixed 67¼. Pork very firm—new $19 50a19 75. Lard strong—western steam 9¼a9 1-16. Turpentine dull and heavy at 54. Rosin steady at $3 15a3 20 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks quiet and firm. Gold steady at 17¾. Money firm at 7a7 1-32 per cent. Exchange—long 8¾; short 9. Governments dull but steady. State bonds dull but firm.

Arrived—City of London, Perser, Moro Castle.

LONDON, April 22.—Consols 93 1-2. Fives 90.

FRANKFORT, April 22.—Bonds 95¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 22.—noon.—Cotton opened steady; uplands 9¼a9½; Orleans 9¾; from Savannah or Charleston, March or April 9 7-16.

LATER.—Cotton quiet; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000; shipped from Savannah or Charleston, March or April 9 3 8.

Beef 86s. Lard 42.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 22, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—This morning warm and pleasant. Trade better than on yesterday. We mark up meats of all kinds.

Cotton steady at 16 1-2a17.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ½ premium.

Money—Loaned at 1a1½ per cent.

Gold—Buying at 1 16; selling at 1 18.

Silver—Buying 1 09, selling 1 13.

Bonds and Stocks—Dull and but little doing. Georgia 6s, 73a74; 7s, 85a88; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 95a98; Georgia R. R. bonds, 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 83a86; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock, 90a92. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah, 85.

Flour.—Fine $6; superfine $7a7 50; extra 8 50a9; double extra 9 50; family 10a10 50; extra family 10 50a10 75; fancy 11 50a12.

Corn Meal—85a87.

Wheat—We quote Red $3; white 2 05a2 10.

Corn—Choice white 83a85, in store, and 83 at depot, on arrival for medium; mixed 80a82.

Bulk meat—shoulders 8; C. R. sides 10¾; clear sides 10¾; hams 12a12½.

Bacon—S. C. hams 15a15½; plain country 12½a14; small lots arriving and demand good, shoulders 8¾; clear rib sides 11; clear sides 11½.

Lard—Tierces 10a10½; cans, buckets and kegs 11½a12.

Sugar—Crushed 13½; granulated and powdered 13½; Demarra 11 1-2a12 1-2; standard A 12½; extra C 12 1-2; yellow C 12; brown 10½a11 1-2.

Salt—Liverpool $2 25a2 30; Virginia $2.

Molasses—Hogsheads 29; barrels 32a36; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Candles—Full weights, stiff, 21 1-2.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Moca 32a35; Rio 23½a 25.

Tallow 8a8 1-2; beeswax 28.

Butter—Good choice commands 30a37.

Poultry—We quote: Chickens 30a35; turkeys, 1 00a1 50; geese 50.

Eggs—We quote from wagons 17½a18.

Hay—Western timothy $1 85a1 90; clover 1 25a1 80; mixed, 1 60a1 75; Georgia 1 50a 1 60.

Bran—$1 20a1 25, mill prices.

Vegetables—Irish potatoes $4 00a4 25, western; sweet potatoes $2 00a2 15. Seed potatoes—Goodrich $4 75a5 00. Early Rose $5 00; Pinckeye $5 25a6 50.

Beans—Mixed $1 00; white $1 25.

Peas—Mixed $1 10; clay $1 30; white $1 25.

Cattle and Sheep—Buying prices, beef cattle, gross, 5a5 1-2; net 9a10; good mutton, gross, 5 1-2a6; net 12 1-2.

New Vegetables—Are coming into market quite freely. Strawberries $1 per quart. New Irish Potatoes 25 per quart. Beets 15a 20. Onions 10a15. Celery per bunch 20a 25. Cabbage per head 35a60. Carrots per bunch 10a15. Turnips 15a20. Radishes 12a15. Lettuce 15a20. Soup stuff 10a15. Cucumbers 15. Green Peas 15 per quart. Snap Beans 35 per quart.

Hardware—Trade continues very good. Nails, per keg, 10d to 50d $5 75; 8d, 6 00; 6d, 6 25; 4d, 6 50; 3d, 7 75; fine 9 25; finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75 cents on above prices. Iron—Tire, 1 1-2 in. to 4 by 1 1-2, 6 00; smaller sizes 50c advance; rod 12. Axes—Collin's $14 00a15 00; Shovels, Ames's $15 50; Roland's $15 00; Stone's $13 50; solid cast steel, R. R., 18. Coffee mills 3 75a10 00. Cast steel 22; springs 23, axles 10a11; sad irons 7; horse shoes 8 00; mule shoes 9 00; horse shoe nails 20a25; I. B. hames 8 00.

Fertilizers—There is still a greater demand for the various brands than can be supplied. Pendleton's $67 cash; $76 on time. Navassa $58 cash; $68 on time. Whann's Superphosphate cash $54; on time $60. Chappell's Champion Superphosphate $67.50, on time. Russell Coe's Ammoniated Raw Bone Superphosphate $58; on time $68. Sea Fowl Guano $60; on time $63. Cotton States $60; on time $70. Etiwan Guano $60; on time $66. Mark W. Johnson's $52; on time $68. Etiwan Dissolved Bone $45; on time $50.



Twenty Years of trial has proved to be the best healing and pain subduing Liniment in the World.

It is recommended with unbounded assurance in all cases of Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Rheumatism, Hard Swellings, Bites, Chilblains, Stiffness of the Joints, Frozen Feet, Ears, &c., &c., among all persons, and for Sprains, Founders, Ringbone, Poll-Evil, Scratches, Wind-Galls, Hoof-ail, Spavins, Spring-halt, Saddle, Collar and Harness Galls; also diseases of the Eye and Limb of Horses, Mules or Cattle.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

WILL ALSO

Cure Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Lame Back, Salt Rheum, Poisonous Bites, External Bone and Muscle Affections, Sore Nipples, &c., and may be justly termed the panacea for all

EXTERNAL WOUNDS

☞ Remember, this Liniment did not spring up in a day or a year, producing THE MOST ABSURD AND UNNATURAL CURES CLAIMED BY NEW-BORN AND MUSHROOM LINIMENTS. But we have the experience of over thirty years of trial, with the most substantial results, and by a multitude of witnesses.

If the Liniment is not as recommended, the

Money will be Refunded.

Do not be imposed upon by using any other Liniment claiming the same properties or results. They are a cheat and a fraud. Be sure and get nothing but

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND COUNTRY STORES AT 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per Bottle.

NOTICE SIZE OF BOTTLE, STYLE, &c.

LYON MFG. CO.

mar27—

HAGAN'S



Magnolia Balm

A FEW APPLICATIONS MAKE A

Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is Purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the Flushed Appearance caused by Heat, Fatigue, and Excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with

YOUTHFUL BLOOM AND BEAUTY.

Sold by all Druggist and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 Park Place, New York.

ma r25—

GUTHMAN & HAAS' SPECIALTIES,

JERSEY CIDER, Holland Curacoa, Anisette de Bordeaux, Marischino, Chartreuse, Rhine Wines, Van Jansen's Royal Schiedam Schnapps,

OLD TRIUMPH BOURBON

AND

PRIDE OF PENNSYLVANIA RYE WHISKEY.

Also, a general assortment of other pure wines and liquors. mar23-dtf

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Seago's store. mar19-dlm

To the Traveling Public.

I WOULD respectfully inform persons wishing transportation

From Duluth, Georgia,

On the Air-Line Railroad, to

Lawrenceville, Cumming, Alpharetta

or any other point of the surrounding country, that I am prepared with good conveyances. Charges moderate.

febl8—dtf J. A. HOWELL.

Hammett House,

JONESBORO..................GEORGIA.

THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is convenient to the central part of the town. The house has been remodified and refitted, and the table will always be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will spare no pains or expense to please his patrons. Mrs. Hammett, (formerly Mrs. Watkins, of Palmetto,) is connected with the house, and would be pleased to see her old friends.

mar23— jan15—dtf

LANIER HOUSE,

B. DUB, Proprietor,

Macon, Georgia.

Free Omnibus to and from the Passenger Depot.

april5—dtf

Sims House.

LaGRANGE, GEORGIA.

THOMAS W. McGEE.............*Proprietor.*

THIS House is undergoing the most thorough repairs and will be fitted out in the next few days with new Furniture. The traveling public will find the very best the market affords. Charges moderate. jan26—dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

HAS still [illegible] Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for Summer Visitors, for which very [illegible] terms will be [illegible]

[illegible] & FREYER, Proprietors.

W. R. OLDS, Assistant.

jan15—dtf

COTTON STATES Life Insurance Company

OF

Macon, Georgia.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT AGENCIES, ATLANTA, GA., March 11th, 1873.

MESSRS. J. GADSDEN KING and J. C. CAMPBELL have been appointed STATE AND TRAVELING AGENTS of this Company, for the State of Georgia. As such, they are commended by the officers of the Company to the public.

The undersigned desires to announce, to all interested, that he is prepared to offer, to FIRST-CLASS AGENTS,

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Company is found, by those who have tried it, to be very easily worked. As a

HOME INSTITUTION

our people are disposed to patronize it.

WM. J. MAGILL,

mar13 deod6w Superintendent Agencies.

SPRING TRADE!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

—TO—

Country Jewelers,

—AND—

MERCHANTS AND PURCHASERS

OF WATCHES, DIAMONDS, FINE JEWELRY

—AND—

GORHAM & CO.'S STERLING SILVERWARE.

Largest Stock in the State!

All Fresh and New—Bought for Cash!

FOR SALE

By Single Peice or Quantity, at

Our Retail Prices!

which are Lower than any other dealers

WHOLESALE PRICE

We offer to our CUSTOMERS all our Fresh and New Style Goods at these LOW PRICES, as it is our intention to always keep up the well earned reputation of this store for keeping the GREATEST VARIETY, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE

Finest Quality and the Lowest Prices!

PURCHASERS,

Do not buy a single article in Jewery before you examine this elegant stock and our Low Prices. REMEMBER THE PLACE,

SHARP'S OLD STAND,

33 Whitehall Street.

B. W. BRISCOE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—All goods sold by us Engraved in superior style FREE OF CHARGE. Watches and Jewelry carefully Repaired and Warranted. We have the best Watchmakers, Jewelers and Engravers South of Mason & Dixon's Line.

apr1—d1m

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

For over FORTY YEARS this

PURELY VEGETABLE.

LIVER MEDICINE HAS PROVED TO BE THE

GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC

for LIVER COMPLAINT and its painful offspring, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Billious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, CHILLS AND FEVER, etc., etc.

After years of careful experiments, to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original Genuine powders

The Prepared.

a Liquid form of SIMMON'S LIVER REGULATOR, containing all its wonderful and valuable properties, and offer it in

ONE DOLLAR BOTTLES.

The Powders, (price as before,).....$1.00 per package. Sent by mail..................... 1.04

☞ CAUTION. ☜

Buy no Powders or Prepared Simmon's Liver Regulator unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZELIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

EMORY SPEER, Lawyer, Athens, Georgia.—As Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims. mar16—d1y

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Superior Court of Fulton county, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 33, Capitol building. mar. 9—d1y

JESSE S. THASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Norcross, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Remittances promptly made. dec19 d12

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. nov10—d12m

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building, Decatur street. ☞ Special attention given to Collections. apr13—d1y

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Meriwether, Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

J. A. [illegible], Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apl27—ly

ALVAN D. FREEMAN, NEWNAN, GEORGIA Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. apr17—d1y

LESUEUR & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents. july21—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Elbert, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin, Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr19—d1y

PETER FRANCISCO SMITH, ATTORNEY AT Law, Newnan, Georgia, will practice in the State and Federal Courts at Atlanta, and in the Superior Courts of the State. [illegible]

JOHN L. POPE, (late of Atlanta, Georgia,) Attorney at Law, Sherman, Texas, will practice in the State and Federal Courts of Northern Texas. Persons owning, or desiring to purchase, lands in Texas, are respectfully informed that I have in my office a prompt and reliable Real Estate Agent. jan11—d&w3m

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MRS. A. E. NAGE [illegible] [illegible]

DR. [illegible] [illegible]

New Store and New Goods.

A. S. TALLEY

IS now receiving a large stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

Having bought my stock for cash, I can and will sell them lower than any House, as I will do exclusively a Cash Business.

I have a large stock of FANCY DRESS GOODS I will close out in the next 30 days at Greatly Reduced Prices, viz:

FIFTY Patterns Pure Solid Silks, (all colors) cost to import from $40 to $60, will sell from $20 to $25.

FIFTY Patterns Check and Striped Silks, the very best and latest style, that sell from $40 to $50, I will sell from $30 to $37 50.

FIVE HUNDRED Yards Choice Check Silks, suitable for Misses or Children, cost from $1 to $1 25 per yard, I will sell for 75 cents.

FIVE HUNDRED Yards Choice Black Silks, I will sell at just one-half importers' price.

TWENTY-FIVE Patterns New and Choice Silk Grenadines, "styles entirely new," and superior quality, will be sold for $8 and $10 a pattern.

TEN THOUSAND YARDS ENTIRELY NEW STYLES

of Lenos, Poplins, Japanese, Mozambiques, Striped and Figured Organdy Muslins, all new styles of Lawns, Cambrics, Jaconets, Nansooks, Linen Lawns, and Swiss, Victoria and Bishop Muslins, together with a very large stock of Dress Trimmings, consisting of Pure Gimp Lace, English and French Fringes and Blond Laces, Satins, Gimps, Patent Linings, which will be sold for ONE-HALF OF COST.

No Humbug. I will sell as advertised to make room for a large line of DOMESTIC GOODS. Come and see, and I will guarantee you Great Bargains. Remember,

THE NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS,

the place for Bargains, will sell for CASH ONLY.

A. S. Talley,

apl13-1mo Mitchell Street, between Broad and Whitehall.

STEAM BAKERY.

H. LEWIS,

South Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Georgia,

Manufacturer and Jobber of all Varieties of

CRACKERS.

THE FOLLOWING IS A FEW OF MY BRANDS:

Boston Butter, Milk, Lemon Cakes; Sugar, Spice and Lemon Jumbles; Cream, Ginger Cream, Ginger Bread; Sugar, Lemon, Wine, Ginger and Lemon Snapps; Cream Cracknells Soda, Butter and Picnic Crackers.

apr13-1m

Atlanta Auction House!

WITT & JOYNER.

H. H. WITT & R. W. JOYNER will give their united services to the sale of any goods that may be entrusted to them. They will have a COMPETENT AUCTIONEER, and make

PROMPT AND FAITHFUL RETURNS

to patrons. Goods for sale will be brought to their house

Free of Charge!

WE REFER, BY PERMISSION, TO

Atlanta National Bank,	Silvey, Dougherty & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants,
Citizens' Bank of Georgia,	Moore, Marsh & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods Merch'ts,
State National Bank,	M C & J F Kiser, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants,
J H James, Banker,	Williams, Langston & Crane, Commission Merch'ts,
W M & R J Lowry, Bankers and Merchants,	Redwine & Fox, Wholesale Druggists,
A C & B F Wyly, Wholesale Grocers,	Henry Banks & Son, Shoe Dealers,
J R Wylie & Co., Wholesale Grocers,	
Cox & Hill, Liquor Dealers.	

No. 34 Peachtree st., opposite T. M. Clarke & Co.

apr13—d1f

The Third Nashville Industrial Exposition

Opens Thursday, May 1st, 1873,

WITH ENLARGED FACILITIES, NEW DECORATIONS AND RARE ATTRACTIONS, AND promises to be

THE SUCCESS OF THE AGE.

Exhibitors and visitors will find half-fare and freight arrangements over Western and Atlantic, Selma, Rome and Dalton, Macon and Brunswick, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroads, and arrangements are being perfected with other connecting roads.

☞ SHIP ARTICLES FOR THE EXPOSITION AT ONCE, ☜ that they may be arranged before the public opening, which will take place Thursday, May 1st, and continue day and night until May 31st.

For further information, address—

april13 d2w R. A. CAMPBELL, Secretary, Nashville, Tenn.

GERMAN MILLET

IS WHAT SOUTHERN FARMERS SHOULD

RAISE FOR HAY!

IT is acknowledged by all who have tried it as being equal to Timothy for

Horses, Mules and Cattle.

Will grow better on poor land than any other grass known, often yielding 4 tons per acre on land that would not produce 15 bushels corn or 500 pounds cotton in seed. On poor land from 2½ to 3 tons per acre is an average; on good land, from 4 to 6 tons. Cost of Seed, Planting and Saving, with labor at one dollar per day, will not exceed twenty dollars per acre. It should be sown from April to June on land well broke and harrowed or rolled smooth, on poor land ½ to ¾ bushel per acre; on good land, ¾ to 1 bushel per acre. Cut when heads are beginning to turn brown.

Try it once and be convinced that you can raise your Hay for half the money you buy it at.

Pure Seed for Sale by ADAIR & BROS., apr6—d1mo. Atlanta, Ga.

To the Traveling Public!

AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY ALL GUESTS TO and from the COVINGTON HOTEL to Depot Free of Charge, from this date. CARY COX,

apr8—d1mo Proprietor Hotel.

WM. JENNINGS. J. G. HARRIS. J. S. PETERSON.

Jennings, Harris & Peterson,

Real Estate Agents and

AUCTIONEERS.

SPECIAL attention given to conducting sales of Real Estate in the city of Atlanta and vicinity by auction.

J. S. Peterson, Auctioneer,

Office adjoining Hardware store of T. M. Clarke & Co., on Line street, near Peachtree. apr6—d1m

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA.

WILEY JONES..........Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 3 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. apr19—dlf

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. [illegible]

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.



THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornices, such as Brackets, Medallions, and everything in the Architectural line. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 2 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21—d1y PELLEGRINI & GIOBOLI.

CLINT TAYLOR,

Livery and Sale Stable,

Alabama between Broad and Forsyth Sts.,

(ARCHER'S OLD STAND.)

HORSES and CARRIAGES for hire. HORSES and MULES for sale.

STABLES well fitted up and prices moderate.

apr13d1m

J. W. & J. R. HIGHTOWER,

SUCCESSORS TO

LEE & HIGHTWER,

DEALERS IN

HORSES AND MULES.

☞ Opposite Passenger Depot. ☜

GRIFFIN, ...GEORGIA.

PROPOSE to continue the Livery and stock business in Griffin, at the old stand, near the passenger depot. They propose to keep in the Livery line as fine and fancy stock, and as experts and elegant vehicles as the country affords, and will be pleased to serve their friends and the public at all times, and by strict attention to business [illegible]

☞ Will keep always on hand [illegible]

Obstacles to Marriage.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. [illegible] HOWARD ASSOCIATION, [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF [illegible] COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished by The Constitution [illegible]

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable, [illegible]

ATLANTA

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1873.

Back Pay Declined.

Congressman Cotton, of the Second Iowa District, notified the Treasury Department that he [illegible] except of his increased salary compensation.

How the President Draws His Salary.

It may be of interest to know that the President never draws his salary himself, but receives it through the First National Bank, to which he has given a power of attorney, and the money is always drawn from the Treasury by the Cashier of that bank, and placed to the credit of the President by the bank. The warrants for the salaries of the President and Vice President are made out at the Treasury every month, the former under the new law receiving $4,166 66 per month, and the latter $833 33. Members of the Cabinet are paid from the rolls of their respective departments, and receipt therefor the same as all other employes. The President and Vice-President do not sign any pay-roll.

Another Georgia Book.

We learn that a novel from the pen of Mrs. M. J. H. Hamilton, of this city, and entitled "Cachet," (pronounced *Ka-shay*,) is now going through the press of Carleton & Co., and will be given to the public in the course of a few days. We shall hail its appearance with peculiar satisfaction, as another evidence of Southern female ambition and enterprise; and we hope to be able to say we are proud of it as the production of a Georgia woman. "Cachet" is said to be out of the usual line of novels—a love sick story, with an eventful course, and a happy or a tragic end. It deals with a great question of human philosophy, and, we learn, is designed, through the events of an interesting Southern story, the principal features of which are taken from real life, and by arguments drawn from science and revelation, to combat the new theory upon which demagogues and fanatics have attempted to reconstruct the great American Republic—the equality of the races.

We shall look anxiously for the appearance of this first literary effort of our esteemed townswoman, and, when read, we shall give to our readers a candid, but kind, opinion of its merits. We shall not laud it because it is a home production—"undeserved praise is satire in disguise"—nor shall we commit the folly and injustice of condemning it if not found worthy of Scott, or Bulwer, or Dickens. Malignant criticism is as mean as it is insensate; while even the appearance of exultation over the literary faults of a lady, struggling for distinction, is both ill-mannered and unmanly. Fair criticism demands nothing of the sort. Literary merit, in all its degrees, should be fostered, and not crushed out by illiberal comments and heartless strictures.

This much on the subject, in a general sense, and not that we have any misgivings in the case immediately before us. Mrs. H. is a lady of high moral tone, and fine taste and scholarship, and whether she has done so in this instance or not, she is certainly capable of writing a readable and instructive book.

The Coal and Iron of Alabama--We Must Have It.

The Georgia Western Railroad is needed to complete our railroad system; it is needed to open up for us the inexhaustible beds of iron ore in Northern Alabama; it is needed to fill the poor man's grate at living prices, to furnish cheap steam for factories that we must have, and to break up existing monopolies, both of freights and fuel. It must be built. While Atlanta, as ex-Mayor James truly says, will not cease to be a city if the road is not built, yet, without it, she cannot reach the full measure of greatness that is assuredly hers if cheap steam can be obtained. Add cheap coal to our other advantages, says Major Wallace, and you make Atlanta the point for manufacturing in the South. The map and a knowledge of Southern markets will tell you as much.

Louisville and Nashville are pushing railroads by you on the west side; Cincinnati has projected a line on the east to terminate at Augusta; Mr. Wadley and the Savannah people have bold designs in the South and Southwest. While we are being surrounded by the network of rival cities, dare we fold our hands and say we can do without a road that will make factories of almost every kind feasible and profitable? The untold mineral wealth that lies so near to us, shall it make us rich and powerful, or our rivals? The people of the Gate City must build the road.

How shall it be done? A way has been devised by which, in Mayor Hammock's words, the city "will get the benefit of every dollar invested." The proposition is to raise the amount needed to insure the completion of the road, by direct taxation, each taxpayer to receive stock of the road equal in amount to his tax. In this way the men who bear the burden would receive all the benefits that the road is capable of conferring; they would control the road instead of a small body of city politicians, and they would stand a chance of having made a good investment instead of paying a burdensome tax. For it is a fact that coal-carrying roads do pay the world over.

The citizens of Atlanta will never allow this opportunity of wealth and general prosperity to pass. We print on the local page the clear and sagacious views of men who have given the subject careful thought. Read them, and if you coincide, let a demand go up to the City Council in favor of the submission of this vital matter to an immediate vote of the people.

The Vienna Exposition—Description of the Building—Extent and Nature of American Exhibits.

Late telegrams state that the immense exhibition building will not be entirely completed for the ceremonial opening on the 1st of May. All the labor is now concentrated on the spacious rotunda, under which will gather, on the day appointed, a brilliant assemblage of crowned heads and titled potentates. They are invited, and the show must begin on the first day of May. The rest of the preparations will go on a-pace, so that the first day of June will see everything pertaining to the colossal exhibition in perfect order.

The plan of the building is, briefly, that of a huge rotunda, crossed by transepts extending vast distances, for lodgement to accommodate the bulk of the exhibits. The choicest of them will be assembled under the enormous cent roof of the rotunda, which will be something like that of [illegible]

[illegible] Austria in variety of design and finish, quite as much as in size and comprehensiveness.

The [illegible] in getting into shape the bulk of shipments from the United States to the Exposition. In spite of the delayed departure of the last government transport, and of other administrative neglects, the Commissioners congratulate themselves, not only on the full and creditable exhibit which the country will make, but also on the forward state of the preparations. We are satisfied that the States of [illegible] will be well represented, thanks chiefly to private enterprise. Attractive specimens of produce, and capable men, not to mention the Tennessee millionaires, will speak for us on the banks of the blue Danube.

The American shipment of machinery, says a correspondent of the World, has risen to a magnitude unexpected, and overflows the space allotted to it. The surplus will be housed in pavilions erected in the park, outside of the main building. And these outside erections, many of them of an Oriental character, are becoming a leading feature of the triumphal Fair. Among the American machinery are many appliances not yet mentioned in the popular chronicles of the time. A machine for "cutting clothing" is said to be a puzzler to the mechanical mind. A sewing-machine will be run by an electro-motor. The shoe machines that turn out a complete brogan in seven minutes will astonish the Viennese, to say nothing of the automatic steam-power paper-box manufacturing machine, etc., etc. The Constitution's special correspondent at the Exposition will be at home among such things, and its readers will be kept well informed.

In the department of science, clocks, scales, surgical, telegraphic and philosophical instruments, the American street-car, etc., fill the space allotted to this country. But it is conceded that our grandest display will consist in the marvelous and abundant collections of the agricultural, chemical and mineral products of the country—from the pig-iron of the "Big Muddy Iron Company" to American cocktail bitters. In this part of the exhibition, sugar cane, cotton, ramie plants and fibre and dress goods woven therefrom; rice, nuts, tobacco, manufactured manures, and an array of statistics pertaining to them, will entirely fill Group No. 2.

In all branches of manufactures we are well represented from the consignments of mechanical toys to enormous forgings and castings in iron. Among paper products, manufactured palmetto and ramie head the list. Thus far, no specimens of paper made from straw have been received.

In short, the American exhibit promises to be very creditable, to far exceed our displays at previous expositions, except in the matter of Fine Arts. The rich galleries of the Old World are too much for us in this respect anyway. Our showing is mainly confined to school apparatus, periodicals, and a collection representing the amateur journalism of the country.

The able special correspondent of The Constitution sails before many days, and will remain in Vienna until the doors of the imposing international Exposition are finally closed.

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered at Atlanta, April 22, 1873.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

R. J. Massey, trustee, vs. Luke Allen. Assumpsit, from Fulton.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a motion for a new trial in a case in which a verdict had been rendered in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant on the ground that the defendant had been informed that the presiding Judge had given public notice to all parties in cases that were litigated, that they need not attend the Court on the day when the verdict was taken against him, and in consequence of such information, the defendant was absent and did not expect his case to be called while the Court was engaged in calling cases not litigated, that the plaintiff's counsel called the attention of the Court to this case and stated it was not litigated, that plaintiff's counsel, who had appeared for him in the case, had withdrawn from it, which latter statement was true, but that defendant was still relying on his defence when the case should be called for trial, that the then presiding Judge did not know that defendant had a plea filed and therefore permitted the plaintiff to take a verdict for largely more than was justly due. The foregoing facts were sworn to by the defendant. Judge Pope, who was the presiding Judge when the verdict was taken, after he went off the bench, was employed by the defendant as his counsel to set aside the verdict and obtain a new trial in the case. Judge Pope made an affidavit that the statements made in the defendant's motion for a new trial, as to the circumstances under which the verdict was taken, were to the best of his recollection and belief true. Henry Hillyer, one of the plaintiff's counsel, made an affidavit that, when the case was tried, it was reached in its order upon a regular call of the docket, and that the Court was not calling the docket for the purpose of trying or disposing of cases not litigated, but was calling the docket regularly for the trial of all cases where no legal grounds for continuance was shown. Upon this statement of facts, the Court refused to grant the motion for a new trial; whereupon the defendant excepted. The ground on which the motion for a new trial is based in this case, is that the defendant was absent from the Court on the day the case was called and tried, because somebody had told him that the presiding Judge had given public notice to all parties in cases that were litigated that they need not attend the Court on that day. Who gave the defendant that information, it does not appear, nor does it affirm or thereby appear that the presiding Judge gave any such public notice to the parties litigating in the Court, as is alleged on the defendant's information. It is true Judge Pope states in his affidavit that the statements in the defendants motion for a new trial, "as to the circumstances under which the verdict was taken" were true, to the best of his recollection and belief. The circumstances under which the verdict was taken may be true, and still the presiding Judge may not have given the public notice of which the defendant alleges somebody informed him. The having given the public notice to the parties by the presiding Judge, as alleged by the defendant, was an important fact, which the affidavit of Judge Pope omits to state. Besides, the defendant states the verdict is for "largely more than was justly due," but for how much more we do not know. The term "largely more" is rather too indefinite when a party seeks to set aside a verdict because it is for too much. But there is another view of this case, which, in our judgment, must control it. The facts of the case were submitted to the Court for its judgment on the evidence contained in the affidavits of the defendant, Pope and Hillyer. If the Court thought proper, in the exercise of its judgment, to give more weight and credit to the statement contained in the affidavit of Hillyer when taken in connection with the proceedings had on the trial apparent on the face of the record then before the Court than to the statements contained in the other affidavit, it was its province to do so, and this Court cannot say there was not sufficient evidence to support that judgment, and will not, therefore, interfere with it.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Pope & Brown, for plaintiff in error.
Hillyer & Bro., for defendant.

S. W. Lee vs. [illegible]. Complaint, from DeKalb.

WARNER, C. J.

The plaintiff brought his action against the defendant on an open account for services [illegible]

[illegible] of the plaintiff, and defendant, was the evidence conflicting, as is generally the case [illegible]. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for the sum of $[illegible]. A motion was made for a new trial on the several grounds set forth in the record, which was overruled, and the defendant excepted. The plaintiff claimed in one of the items of his account, that the defendant was indebted to him for the sum of $1291 for his services as agent in getting up thirty seven whole hands and superintending the same on his plantation for the year 1869. The written contract made between the defendant and the freedmen by the plaintiff as defendant's agent, specified, that the defendant was to furnish the land and stock necessary to cultivate the same, and the freedmen to have one half of the crop made. The defendant was to pay the freedmen a reasonable compensation for all rails split by them, but they were to haul the rails, and make all necessary repairs of fences. The freedmen agreed to pay all advances made by Lee, either by money or clothing, or provisions, from first proceeds of the crop, and to cultivate the same according to the directions of Lee, or his authorized agent, and to obey promptly all reasonable orders, either from said Lee or his authorized agent. On the trial of the case, the defendant offered to prove by the defendant, and one Meadows, that the defendant had been damaged near one thousand dollars, in the year 1869, by reason of the failure of the plaintiff to enforce the contract made with the freedmen by the defendant, as to the hauling of rails, and repairing the fences on the plantation in charge of the plaintiff, which testimony was ruled out by the Court, and defendant excepted. It appears, from the evidence in the record, that in 1869, the defendant furnished the plaintiff with a book, and instructed him, as his agent and superintendent of his business on his plantation, to keep a regular account of the receipt and disbursements of all money, clothing and provisions furnished for the freedmen in his employ and for the use of the plantation, that money, clothing, provisions and other articles were from time to time forwarded to the plaintiff as his agent and superintendent as aforesaid, to be sold by him to the hands in his employ, or to be advanced to them. The plaintiff admits the receipt of the most of the money, clothing, provisions, etc., but stated on his examination as a witness, in general terms, that all had been applied for the benefit of the defendant. When the defendant went to his plantation, in the latter part of the year 1869, to settle with the freedmen, he demanded of the plaintiff his book of accounts of his disbursements so as to enable him to settle with them, but the plaintiff refused to produce it, whereby the defendant was greatly damaged in making said settlement by reason of the plaintiff's failure and neglect to discharge his duty as his agent in that respect. The Court charged the jury in relation to this point, "that in this case, the burden of proof is on the defendant to show that the goods and money alleged to have been entrusted to the plaintiff by the defendant to be disposed of for defendant's use, were not so disposed of, the presumption of law being that the goods and money were disposed of according to the directions of the defendant, without proof to the contrary. The defendant must first show to your satisfaction the loss of some part or portion of the articles or money alleged to have been entrusted to the plaintiff, or a conversion or appropriation of said articles, or a part thereof, by the plaintiff to his own use, or the defendant cannot recover the value of said articles or money, or be allowed the value thereof as a set off, if any such articles and money is shown by the proof to have been so received by the plaintiff of the defendant." To which charge the defendandant excepts and assigns the same as error. In our judgment it was error in ruling out the evidence of the defendant, and Meadows, as to damage sustained by defendant, by reason of the failure of the plaintiff to enforce the contract for repairing the fences on the plantation in 1869. It appears from the evidence in the record that the fences on the plantation were out of repair, and for the purpose of having the same put in order, he made a very liberal contract with the freedmen as to their share of the crop to be made on the place. It was the duty of the plaintiff as the agent and manager of the defendant's business, to have ordered the freedmen to split the rails necessary to repair the fences, the defendant paying them a reasonable compensation therefor, to have had the same hauled, and the fences repaired, not only for the protection of the crop that year, but for the benefit of the plantation. The contract with the freedmen was that they were to obey promptly all reasonable orders of the defendant or his authorized agent. If the plaintiff, as defendant's agent, had ordered the freedmen to repair the fences, and they had refused to do so, then the defendant would have had his remedy against them on their contract for the damages sustained by him in consequence of such refusal. By the neglect and failure of the plaintiff, as the defendant's agent, to give such orders to the freedmen for the repair of the fences under their contract, he is liable to the defendant for the damages sustained by him resulting from such negligence, and the defendant may recoup the same, and have the proven amount thereof deducted from the amount claimed by him for his services in the suit instituted by him against the defendant therefor. It was also error, in our judgment, for the Court to charge the jury, in view of the facts of this case, that the burden of proof was on the defendant to show that the goods and mony were not disposed of according to the directions of the defendant without proof to the contrary. The evidence in the record is that the defendant resided in a foreign county from that in which his plantation was located, that he had given special instructions to the plaintiff, as his agent and manager of his plantation, to keep a regular account of all receipts and disbursements, and furnished him with a book for that purpose, that money, clothing and provisions were sent to him from time to time to be sold to and advanced to the freedmen in his employ. We are of the opinion, as a general rule, that when money, goods or supplies are furnished by the owner of a plantation to his agent and manager thereof, to be advanced to the freedmen in his employ, to be paid for at the end of the year out of their share of the crop, and the same has been received by such agent or manager, the burden of proof to show that he has made a proper application of such money, goods and supplies for the benefit of the owner, is upon him, but the more especially is it so when the agent and manager is specially instructed to keep a regular account of his receipts and disbursements, as in this case, otherwise, the owner of the plantation cannot make a fair and just settlement with his laborers at the end of the year. If the plaintiff in this case failed and neglected, as the agent and manager of the defendant, to keep a regular account of his receipts and disbursements, when he was specially requested to do so, and in consequence thereof the defendant has been damaged by such negligence, then he is entitled to recoup such damages, and have the same deducted from the plaintiff's claim, for his services as such agent and manager.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed.

L. J. Winn, Gartrell & Stephens, B. H. Hill & Sons, for plaintiff in error.
Hill & Candler, for defendant.

J. L. Richmond & Co. vs Phillip T. Flanders and Wm. R. Phillips. Exceptions to award, from Fulton.

McCAY, J.

When exceptions were filed to an award, which were on demurrer held by the Court below to be insufficient, and it appeared by the record that the exceptions were on the ground of a mistake alleged to have been made by the arbitrators in charging the excepting parties with certain items, especially one of $2,500 which, it was alleged was clearly not a proper charge against him, as would appear by the evidence, which evidence was partly set forth in the exceptions and partly referred to as contained in the books of the parties who were merchants, which books, the exceptions stated, were in the presence of the Court, but being voluminous, were not attached by abstract:

Held by this Court, That the contents of the books was a necessary part of the exceptions, and the plaintiff in error having failed to complete his record in the Court below by having such abstract in fact attached and sent here as part of the record, under the certificate of the Clerk, this Court will not reverse the judgment of the Court below, it being impossible for us to say, in the absence of said abstract, whether he was right in his judgment or not.

Judgment affirmed.

Gartrell & Stephens, Peeples & Howell, for plaintiff in error.
F. L. Haynes, for defendants.

Lewis Tumlin vs. the Virginia Home Insurance Company. Award, from Fulton.

WARNER, C. J.

An award of arbitrators [illegible]

[illegible] their action was taken in that term. At the ensuing April term, a demurrer to the exceptions was heard and sustained, and an order to that effect entered on the minutes. At the time of hearing the demurrer, leave was granted to defendant and time given to amend the exceptions. On the next day the amendment was made and sworn to in open Court, though the amendment does not appear to have been then filed. On the 29th of June the juries were discharged for the term and the Court adjourned to the 26th of the coming August to hear motions etc. On that day the plaintiff moved for judgment on said award and for execution. Defendant objected and the Court allowed the amended exceptions to be filed, and certifies to this Court that he "regarded the application for leave to amend as being in all the time and why the order dismissing the exceptions was entered on the minutes he did not remember."

Held, That it does not appear that plaintiff made any futher motion, or asked for a trial in the case before the discharge of the juries, and had notice of the intention of defendant to file the amended exceptions and leave granted therefor and the Judge who knew all the facts holding that the time he had granted had not expired, it was not error in the Court to allow them to be then filed.

Judgment affirmed.

Pope & Brown, for plaintiff in error.
Peeples & Howell, for defendant.

FOR THE LADIES.

Flowering Plants Suitable for the South.

Some of our Southern friends occasionally write us respecting the adaptability of plants for the South, that will succeed well during the whole of the summer, without succumbing to the long dry heat they are there subject to. Our Southern friends should bear in mind that it is of the greatest importance that they secure for their plants a great depth of soil, for upon this will depend in a measure a great part of their success. To obtain the best success, the soil should be spaded to a good depth before planting; if as deep as fifteen or eighteen inches, so much the better, and, if poor, a good dressing of manure should be spaded in. The depth of soil thus secured will cause the plants to send down their roots during the driest part of the season into the lower soil prepared for them, thus enabling them to more successfully withstand the hot dry weather; whereas plants, planted on poor, thin soils, would dry up and become exhausted. It is likewise important that all flower stems should be cut off as soon as they are out of bloom; by so doing, a second crop of flowers will in many instances be secured, as the plants will not be exhausting themselves in perfecting seed.

We have after careful consideration concluded that nearly all the following will be found to be well adapted for and will succeed well in the South. We would like to hear from any of our friends in regard to their success with their plants and flowers, as it will be somewhat of a guide to us on future occasions:

Annuals—Abronia, Ageratum, Alonsoa, Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Aster, Balsam, Brachycom, Cacalia, Calliopsis, Candytuft, Canna, Celosia, Convolvulus, Dianthus, Erisimum, Eschscholtzia, Gaillardia, Linum, Lupinus, Marigold, Martynia, Mesembrianthemum, Mignonette, Mirabilis, Nierembergia, Œnothera, Pansy, Petunia, Phlox Drumondii, Poppy, Portucala, Ricinus, Salpiglossis, Salvio, Scabiosa, Ten-Week Stock, Tropæolum, Verbena, Zinnia.

Climbing Plants.—Cardiospermum, Cobea, Convolvulus, Dolichos, Gourds Ornamental, Ipomœa, Maurandya, Thunbergia, Tropæolum Lobbianum and Peregrinum.

Everlastings.—Acroclinium, Gomphrena, Helichrysum, Helipterum, Rhodanthe, Waitzia Xeranthemum.

Ornamental Grass.—Gynerium.

Perennials.—Aquilegia, Campanula, Carnation, Centaurea, Clianthus, Delphinium Perennials, Digitalis, Hollyhock, Ipomopsis, Papaver, Perennial Poppy, Penstemon, Sweet William, Wallflower, etc., for all of which see the First Quarterly or January number.

Some of the plants specified as Annuals will in the South live through the winter, and will assume their true character—Perennials. The Tritoma is a superb plant for the South, and will give complete satisfaction. Anemone Japonica, and Alba, as well as Tricyrtus Grandiflora, will be found of great service.

We will Make Special Selections. Sometimes our friends write us enclosing money, stating that they wish to get some flower seed, but do not know what kind would be best for them to order, that would be adapted to their wants. To all such we say that we will endeavor to assist them with our experience and judgment in selecting none but the best varieties adapted to the purpose and wants of those who write to us, giving a description of their location and soil, etc., likewise stating if flowers are wanted for show or for frequent cutting for bouquets, etc.

Briggs & Bro.,
Rochester, N. Y.

☞ The heart of a deacon who officiated with the contribution box at a recent meeting for foreign missions in Boston, was gladdened by observing among its contents a neatly rolled package. On hastily investigating his former belief in the depravity of human nature was changed to a certainty by discovering one dollar and a cent, and upon the paper the following: "The cent is for the heathen, and the dollar to get it to them."

☞ "Look here, stranger, that's my wife you are dancing with." "Well, what of it?" said Rackensack. "Why, this: you dance with her again, and I'll blow the top of your head off." "Now, look here," said Rackensack, coolly, "do you see that umbrella sitting there?" "Well, s'pose I do." Well, "you handle that umbrella, you touch that umbrella, you even look at that umbrella, and I'll ram it down your throat—and then I'll spread it!"

Probable Cost of the Modoc Campaign. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes that calculations have been made by various parties of large experience in Indian affairs, and the average arrived at is that it will take $75,000 for every male Modoc, counting from the beginning of the negotiations with them. Their number is variously estimated at from sixty to two hundred. Assuming the smaller figure, it will take $5,500,000 to exterminate this remnant of savages.

Education.—The vast superiority which an educated man has over his ignorant fellow men was recently shown by one of three Irishmen who dug a ditch for which they were to receive four dollars. The trouble was, how to divide four among three and have it equal. One of them remained quiet, and the other two at last deferred to his judgment, as he had been to school and knew arithmetic, to make the division. He did it at once saying, "It's aisy enough! Sure, there's two for you two, and two for me, too." "Begorra," said one of his colaborers, "what a great thing it is to have learning!" "And," said the other, as he pocketed his single dollar, "and to know 'rithmetic, too! It's the like of us two'd never divided them four dollars equally."

☞ A woman says she can choose without being abused for it. She can take a nap after dinner, while her husband goes to work. She can go into the street without being asked to stand treat at every saloon. She can stay at home in time of war, and get married again if her husband gets killed. She can wear corsets if too thick, and other fixtures if too thin. She can get a divorce from her husband, if she sees a man she likes better. She can get her husband in debt all over, until he warns the public not to trust her on his account. But all these accounts are balanced by the great fact that she cannot sing bass, wear a beard, go sparking, or climb a tree.

Importance of Cares.—There is not a girl on earth, whether the daughter of prince or pauper, who, if made a perfect mistress of all household duties, and were thrown into a community wholly unknown, would not rise from one position to another, and eventually become the mistress of her own mansion, while multitudes of young women, placed in positions of ease, elegance, and affluence, but being unfitted to fill them, will as certainly descend from one round of the ladder to another, until at the close of life, they are found where the really competent started from. Mothers of America, if you wish to rid your own and your children's household of the destroying locusts which infest your homes and eat up your substance, take pride in educating your daughters to be proficient mistresses of every home duty. [illegible] they will never lack a warm garment, a home, [illegible] or a cozy roof, [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Handsome Gift to Professor Agassiz.

Action of the State Department on the Vienna Exposition.

Severe Cold in the West.

Full Particulars of the Kentucky Riot.

Interesting Foreign News.

WASHINGTON.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Washington, April 22.—The State Department has instructed the Minister to Austria to inquire into the reports of the purchase for restaurant stations and commissionerships to the Vienna Exposition.

PROBABILITIES.

The storm area of the low barometer extends on Wednesday eastward over the Middle Atlantic Coast and thence northeast as a storm of considerably severity. The barometer continues to rise in the Northwest and over the Upper Lakes with cold north winds. South winds are veering to north in the Western Gulf States, probably forming a severe norther from the Western Gulf and South Atlantic States. Southwest winds are veering to northwest with cloudy weather and falling temperature. Caution signals continue at Wilmington, Norfolk, Cape May and Baltimore; and are ordered for Charleston, Savannah, New York, New Haven and Woodshoal.

KENTUCKY.

BEER RIOT.

Frankfort, April 22.—The rioting in this city yesterday was caused by an advance in the price of beer. Disorderly demonstrations lasted till midnight and the troops were pelted with stones several times. During the evening sixteen breweries were wrecked by the rioters and there was much plundering during the conflict which took place. Twelve persons were killed and forty wounded. One hundred and twenty of the rioters have been arrested.

MASSACHUSETTS.

AGASSIZ'S NATURAL HISTORY SCHOOL.

Boston, April 22.—John Anderson, of New York, deeded to Professor Agassiz Peneke's Island for the proposed Natural History School.

NEBRASKA.

VERY SEVERE WEATHER.

Lincoln, April 22.—The first train on the Burlington and Missouri Road arrived to-day. There has been the worst storm here ever known. Men were frozen to death within two rods of their houses while trying to get their stock in. Many women and children were frozen. The destruction of horses and cattle was great. The gutters on the railroad were filled with snow as hard as ice.

FRANCE.

Paris, April 22.—The authorities of the Audit office have seized the property of M. Janvier De La Motte, and will hold it till he has rendered his accounts to the government.

SPAIN.

DEFEATED CARLISTS.

Madrid, April 22.—Some of the adherents of Don Carlos, on yesterday, made an attack on the Alcalde of Figueras, in the province of Gerona. A number of the people of the town armed themselves and rallied to the support of the authorities and thus succeeded in driving off the insurgents.

ENGLAND.

RACING.

London, April 22.—The Epsom spring meeting commenced to-day. The city and suburban handicap was won by Warnington; Cremorne second, and Bertram third. The betting just previous to the commencing of the race was forty to one against Warnington; nine to two against Cremorne, and twelve to one against Bertram. Twenty-five horses ran.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES

NEW YORK.

New York, April 22.—The general term of the Superior Court has ordered process to issue to punish Comptroller Green for contempt. Green must pay the dock commissioners a gross sum without a detailed statement of its uses. Judge Brady dissented.

IMPORTANT ARREST.

Charles G. Hampton was arrested yesterday with $50,000 worth of railroad bonds belonging to Colonel Phillips, of Pittsburg. He was committed to await the requisition of the Governor of Pennsylvania.

HOLLAND.

The Hague, April 21.—The Minister of the Colonies to-day informed the Chamber of Deputies that the Dutch losses during the campaign against the Atcheenese on the Island of Sumatra were 7 officers and 38 men killed and 35 officers and 388 men wounded.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

New York, April 22.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 19 3-8; Orleans 19½; sales 1,405 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 413 bales; gross 1,025.

Cotton—Sales for export to-day 388 bales; last evening 570.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 12,300 bales as follows: April, 18 13-16a18½; May, 18¾a18 15-16; June, 19 3-16a19 5-16; July, 19 3-8a19 7-16; August 19 3-8a19 7-16.

Arrived—Westphalia, Clyde, Manhattan, San Salvador.

Arrived out—Amyria, Holsatia.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat active; prime 2a3 higher; red western $1 85a1 88. Whisky a shade firmer at 91a91½. Corn active and a shade firmer. Rice quiet. Pork firmer at $19½a21. Beef steady. Lard firmer and in good demand. Turpentine dull and lower at 53a54. Rosin $3 25 for strained. Tallow firm; prime 9. Freights quiet and easier.

Money hardening; 1-64a1-32. Sterling closed dull at 8½. Gold 17¼a17 3-8. Governments closed strong with a fraction advance in 62s. Tennessees strong and other States very dull.

Later—[illegible]

[illegible]

Cincinnati, April 22.—Flour firm at $7 50a7 75. Provisions strong and higher. Pork nominal at $18 50 for spot. Lard strong and higher; steam 9, kettle 9 1-4. Bacon in good demand; shoulders nominal at 8, clear rib sides 9 3-4; clear sides 10. Whisky steady at 86.

Galveston, April 22.—Cotton—net receipts 757 bales; exports coastwise 48; stock [illegible]

Mobile, April 22.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 18 1-4; net receipts [illegible] bales; exports coastwise [illegible]; sales [illegible]; stock [illegible]

Boston, April 22.—Cotton—gross receipts 1,[illegible] bales; exports to Great Britain 95; sales [illegible]; stock 12,000.

Wilmington, April 22.—Cotton—net receipts 80 bales; sales [illegible]; stock 4,[illegible].

London, April 22.—Turpentine [illegible].

Liverpool, April 22.—Cotton closed dull; sales include 5,000 bales of American. Yarns and fabrics quiet and unchanged.

New Orleans, April 22.—Cotton—fair demand; prices steady; middlings 18 3-4, net receipts 1,378 bales; gross 1,619; exports to Great Britain 329; sales 1,000; last evening 3,300; stock 169,336.

Hay dull and lower—prime $32. Pork excited and higher; held at $18 75—offers of $18 50 refused. Bacon active and higher at 8¼a10¼a10½. Lard firmer—tierce refined 9, keg 9¾a10½. Sugar dull—good fair to fully fair 8a8½. Whisky easier at 89a93.

Sterling 27½. Sight ¼a3-8 per cent premium. Gold 17½.

Charleston, April 22.—Cotton quiet—middlings 18 1-2; low middlings 18; good ordinary 17a17 1-4; net receipts 626 bales; sales 100; stock 24,245.

Norfolk, April 22.—Cotton—net receipts 1,157 bales; exports coastwise 1,957; sales 200; stock 4,761.

Baltimore, April 22.—Cotton—net receipts 11 bales; gross 270 bales; exports coastwise 47 bales; sales 98 bales; stock 10,254.

Savannah, April 22.—Cotton dull; middlings 18 3-8; net receipts 738 bales; exports Great Britain 3,090; sales 1,365; stock 39,061.

Memphis, April 22.—Cotton—receipts 685 bales; shipments 494; stock 38,957.

Augusta, April 22.—Cotton steady; low middlings 17 1-2; receipts 111 bales; sales 189.

St. Louis, April 22.—Flour quiet and weak. Corn active and higher—mixed 37a37 1-2, on elevator. Whisky firmer at 87. Pork active for futures, and firm at $18 50; spot $18, up country June. Bacon strong and active for future delivery, shoulders 7 3-4a8, seller in May; clear rib sides 10 1-4a10 1-2, June. Lard firm, little doing.

Louisville, April 22.—Provisions strong. Pork advanced at $18 50. Bacon in fair demand and higher; shoulders 8; clear rib sides 10; clear sides 10½, all packed. Lard firm; tierces 9a9 1-4; kegs 10a10 1-2; steam held at 8½. Whisky steady at 86.

A Card.

I very much regret the venemous and illiberal spirit exhibited in an article in the Herald of this morning (23d) inveighing against my reputation. To such remarks I shall not reply. I am perfectly willing for the public to judge between myself and the chief editor of the Herald, without entering any defense. I would be willing to discuss the subject involved, if necessary, with any one actuated by a proper spirit; but I cannot deal in or treat with malicious vituperation.

It is, however, but just to Mr. Hemphill to state that he has never, by word, act or intimation of any kind, desired me to say or write a word in his favor, and when I voluntarily furnished him a card after the first publication, he thanked me, but did not give it to the public on the ground that he thought it entirely unnecessary.

J. I. MILLER.

April 23, 1873.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collector's Office, 4th Dis. of Georgia, Atlanta, April 23, 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following seizure has been made by me for violation of section 45, Act of June 30, 1864, and section 14, Act of July 13, 1866, to-wit:

One package containing about forty gallons Corn Whisky.

One package containing about twenty gallons Corn Whisky.

And one package containing about five gallons Apple Brandy, as the property of Robert Lemon, of Cobb County, Georgia.

Any person or persons claiming any of said property are required to appear and make claim thereto within thirty days from date hereof, and give bond as required by law; otherwise the same will be sold and the net proceeds deposited to the credit of the Secretary of the Treasury.

J. A. HOLTZCLAW, Collector.

apr23—w3t

Office Oglethorpe Manufacturing Co.

Flat Rock, DeKalb County, Georgia.

DIRECTORS and Stockholders will meet at the Office of the Company, Saturday, May 24, at 11 o'clock.

JAMES RIPPY, President.
Robert M. Clarke, Secretary.
apr23—d1d

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1873, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of [illegible] of Crawfordville, county of Taliaferro, and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on petition of his creditors, and that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, of for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Madison, Ga., before Albert G. Foster, Esquire, Register, on the 5th day of May, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
United States Marshall, as Messenger.
apr23—d1t

IMMENSE SALE,

By the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson.

THURSDAY MORNING—9:30 O'CLOCK.

J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

Furniture of all grades, and household effects generally.

apr23d1t

GRAND STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL

TO BE HELD IN

The Chamber of Commerce,

IN THE

Republic Block,

On Pryor Street, opposite the Kimball House, by the

Ladies of the First M. E. Church, South,

ON THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 24th.

Charges very reasonable. An elegant supper consisting of meats and rich viands furnished for 50 cents; Strawberries per plate 25 cents; Ice Cream per plate 25 cents. Come one, come all. A pleasant evening insured.

GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

THE United States Dispensatory, the authorized record of our Materia Medica, classes this water with the most renowned Alkaline or Carbonated Springs of Europe. It far excels any other known in known in its self-preserving properties. It has never been claimed for any other mineral water the power to dissolve the urates, or so-called chalk formations in the body or on the limbs and joints. This the Gettysburg Katalysine Water has done in hundreds of instances. Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidneys and Urinary Diseases generally, have all yielded to its influence. It has restored Muscular Power to the Paralytic, cured Abdominal Dropsy, and given healthy action to the Torpid Liver. It has cured Chronic Diarrhea, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility and Nervous Prostration from Mental and Pysical Excesses. All these by the bottled water. It is a powerful antidote for Excessive Eating and Drinking. It corrects the Stomach, promotes Digestion, and Relieves the Head almost immediately. Pamphlets containing a history of the Springs, reports from eminent physicians and medical writers, marvelous and well attested cures, and for testimonials from distinguished citizens, will be furnished and sent by mail on application to

WHITNEY BRO'S, Gen'l Ag'ts,
227 South Front St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Gettysburg Spring Co.

For sale by HEARD, CRAIG & CO., and Druggists generally. apr16—deodlm

Madison House,

Madison, Georgia.

P. B. WOODARD..........Proprietor.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. [illegible] trains from Macon dine at [illegible] and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. [illegible]

THE YANCY HOTEL,

BY MISS E. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA,

WOULD respectfully inform her numerous patrons of the Dougherty House, that she has recently purchased the Brick Hotel in Newnan, Georgia, (once known as the McDowell House,) where she would be pleased to see her old friends and the traveling public. She pledges herself that nothing will be left undone to make guests comfortable.

[illegible] Prof. Wm. [illegible], Clerk.

"A GOOD HOTEL."

The unanimous exclamation of all who stop at

Planters' Hotel,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

W. D. OLDS..........Proprietor.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY [illegible] HOUSE,)

Dalton, Ga.

O'NEILL & BARCLAY, Prop'rs.

B. F. O'NEILL. [illegible] BARCLAY.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS.

[illegible]

AT AUCTION,

HOUSE AND LOT,

Situated on Crew street, at the Junction of Peters and Fair streets, marked "Allen" on Cooper's City Map,

Thursday, 24th April, 1873, at Five O'clock, P. M.

I WILL sell at auction, on the premises Thursday, the 24th of April, at five o'clock, P. M., the House and Lot marked "Allen" on City Map, fronting on [illegible] and at the junction of Peters and Fair Streets. The house contains four rooms with hall above and below, with outbuildings. This lot is located in the immediate vicinity of Hon. Geo. Hillyer, C I Brown, Prof Isham, W F Pattillo, Judge Watkins, S B Love, and others, and near the Churches, City Hall and on the line of the McDonough Street Railway. This lot is, therefore, very desirable for a permanent home. Sale positive.

Terms—One half cash; balance 6 and 12 months, with interest at 10 per cent. per annum.

Recollect the day, hour, and be on hand.

G. C. HAMMOCK, Real Estate Agent,
apr20—d4t Office, James' Bank Block.

House and Lot

ON WALKER STREET,

For Sale.

HOUSE in complete order, containing nine full-sized rooms. Lot nearly one acre. New fences, stables, carriage house, etc. Convenient to Street Cars and Public School.

Any one wishing to buy a good, comfortable home in a good neighborhood, at a

Reasonable Price and on Easy Terms

will please call on

apr20—d1w A. C. WYLY.

The Very Best.

WE ARE preparing Plat for the Sale of "Mrs. Luckie's Property on West side of Ivy (Old Peachtree) street, adjoining J. Balo Campbell's lot. Three lots 100 by 200 feet each—including the old homestead. These are hard to beat.

ap 20—d3t WALLACE & FOWLER

Ice at Retail.

I WILL begin the sale at retail on to-morrow morning of the ice made by the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company at my Restaurant in James' Bank Block Building. Ice can be had at all times day or night. I will be able to supply families with this superior ice.

apr20—d1t R. G. THOMPSON.

House Painting.

C. J. OLIVER desires to inform his old patrons, and many new ones, that he has resumed the business of House Painting in this city for twelve months, and will be happy, during that time, to serve them in any branch of painting.

OUTSIDE PAINTING made a specialty until end of June. Slate at Rodwine & Fox's. Send in your orders promptly for outside painting.

apr10—d1m C. J. OLIVER.

EXCURSION TO ORPHANS' HOME, Decatur, Ga. ANNIVERSARY OCCASION!

THE Anniversary of the Orphans' Home of the North Georgia Conference will be held on Friday, April 25. Rev. Dr. A. G. Haygood will deliver the Anniversary Address.

The children of the Atlanta Baptist Orphans' Home are expected to be present by invitation, and representatives from other similar institutions, and there will be interesting exercises, participated in by the orphans. Visitors will be passed on all the railroads coming into Atlanta at half fare. Cars will be provided for all by the passenger train at half past eight A. M. apr22—2t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

2—50 by 200 feet Lots on Elliott Street

I WILL sell, on the premises, on Friday afternoon, 25th inst., at precisely 5½ o'clock, 2 vacant Lots 50 by 200 feet on Elliott street, South of Rhodes street and West of the Mineral Spring and Withers' Foundry.

These lots are near the Round House, and lie well, and adjoining the celebrated Healy Brick Yard and has the same superior clay now very scarce. Brick makers please examine these lots.

Terms—One half cash, balance in 6 months, with 10 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent.
apr23—d3t

FILLEY'S FAMOUS

CHARTER OAK STOVES

ARE MADE SOLELY BY THE

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Are doing more and BETTER COOKING, Doing it Quicker and Cheaper, Than any Stove of the same cost.

ARE ALWAYS LOW-PRICED, RELIABLE, And Operate Perfectly.

Will do your COOKING CHEAP AND EASY, QUICK AND CLEAN.

ALWAYS WARRANTED AND SOLD BY

L. S. LANGFORD,

mar16—deod&wtm Atlanta, Georgia.

United States Commissioner's Court, chambers 15 cents; striped cambrics 12 1-2 cents; and all other goods at corresponding reduced rates. He is determined to close his entire stock within the next sixty days. Call and see. [illegible]

KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

WILL make liberal terms to Winter Boarders. Only one hours' ride from Atlanta.

Address FLETCHER & FREYER.
oct27—d1f Proprietors.

Double Entry Book-Keeper.

A GENTLEMAN of twenty years' practical experience desires the position of Book-Keeper in some first-class house in this city. Good references will be given.

Apply at this office. [illegible]

A CARD.—All persons suffering from Indigestion, bilious or liver complaints, are cordially invited to inclose a directed envelope to the Secretary of the Botanic Institute, Philadelphia, Pa., who will return thereto the excellent Botanic Remedy, recently discovered by Prof. Walker, Government Botanist of Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, and communicated to the Institute by that eminent botanist. No fee or gratuity will be accepted under any circumstances for this recipe. apr6 dlmo

West End Floral Garden

IRWIN & THURMOND, Proprietors, are prepared to furnish Shrubbery, Hot House and Bedding Plants of all varieties. A call in person will satisfy the most fastidious. Orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. Catalogues furnished upon application. Address P. O. OFFICE BOX [illegible], Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. D. DuPRE,

TENDERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS of Atlanta, in the various branches of his profession.

Residence, corner of Cain and Ivy streets.

Office—Over Collier & Venable's Drug Store.

STRAYED,

FROM the premises of A. R. [illegible], near Palmetto, Georgia, Saturday last, March 22, TWO DARK BAY MULES. [illegible]

[illegible] HENRY I. & JAS. A. PRATT.

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

[illegible]

MORE LIGHT!

CHEAP, SAFE AND BEAUTIFUL LIGHT.

The Family Favorite

Burning Fluid,

Makes the Cheapest Light Ever Produced.

It is positively non-explosive.
Free from Smoke.
Free from Grease.
Free from Stain.
Free from Unpleasant Odor.

Makes a Better Light than Gas,

At a Cost of One Cent for Ten Hours.

The Advantages over Coal or Carbon Oils of all kinds are:

1. It gives a soft, pure light, which, in brilliancy rivals all other illuminators now in use, equalling in brilliancy any gas light, and [illegible]

2. It is non-explosive, and entirely free from grease, smoke or other offensive odor, while burning.

3. It is [illegible] per cent. cheaper than coal oil, and can be burned in any ordinary lamp [illegible]

[illegible]

For sale at wholesale and retail by

W. H. [illegible]
[illegible] Decatur street, Atlanta.

County Rights in Georgia, and the State Rights of the other Southern States, for sale.

apr20—dtf

GRAND SALE

OF THAT

MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY

BELONGING TO THE

City of Atlanta.

SITUATED on the corner of Pryor and Alabama streets, and fronting on the right of way of the railroad opposite the Union Passenger Depot, [illegible]

The block fronts 113 feet on Pryor street, 160 feet on Alabama street, and 100 feet on right of way, and is bounded 163 feet on the south by the wholesale store of Williams, Langston & Crane.

This block has been divided into 4 lots, each fronting on right-way railroad and Alabama street, and the lots will be sold with the privilege of [illegible] whole block.

It is generally admitted that this property is most favorably located for the wholesale and jobbing trade, and intrinsically of

VERY GREAT VALUE,

and should the Custom-house be built on [illegible] opposite, the property evidently would enhance [illegible] appreciate, and likely become really

THE MOST VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE GATE CITY.

☞ Merchants generally, capitalists, and speculators, are invited to attend this very important [illegible]

The property will be sold on the premises in pursuance of an order of the Mayor and General Council of city of Atlanta, at 4 o'clock P. M. Wednesday [illegible] day of April, 1873.

Titles perfect and indisputable.

Terms—One-third cash, remainder at [illegible] months, with interest at [illegible] per cent. per annum.

☞ Plat of property can be seen at my office.

G. C. HAMMOCK,
apr20—d3t Real Estate Agent.

Tremont House

AND

9 Room Residence,

AT AUCTION

On the premises, at 4 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, 29th of April, 1873.

THE TREMONT PROPERTY is situated on [illegible] street, a main business thoroughfare [illegible] should command the special attention of [illegible] and business men generally. This Fine Brick Building contains 40 Rooms, besides servant rooms, [illegible]

Also, at the same time and place, that house and lot north of the Tremont House, situated on [illegible] street, the house containing 9 rooms.

This is indeed, first-class Real Estate, being [illegible] near the Capitol, renders it very desirable for [illegible] and Boarding House purposes, [illegible]

Titles perfect. TERMS—One-fourth cash; balance [illegible] and 6 years, with interest at 10 per cent. [illegible] under bond for titles.

G. C. HAMMOCK, Real Estate Agent,
apr20—d3t Office James' Bank Block.

AGENTS WANTED.

The Master Spirits of the World,

—AND—

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA,

THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

AGENTS report sales of 25 to 100 copies in a few hours or days. [illegible] W. GOODSPEED, New York, Chicago, [illegible] St. Louis, New Orleans. [illegible]

PHILLIPS, FLANDERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

Boots, Shoes,

Hosiery, Ribbons, Notions, Etc., Etc.

No. 88 Whitehall Street,

apr16—3m ATLANTA, GA.

DOORS,
SASHES,
BLINDS,

WOOD MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, NEWELS,

AND ALL KINDS OF FANCY GLASS.

LARGE STOCK. LOWEST RATES.

ORDER WORK SOLICITED.

SEND FOR ESTIMATE AND PRICE LISTS.

KEOGH & THORNE,

334 AND 336 CANAL STREET,

NEW YORK CITY.

BYINGTON'S HOTEL,

GRIFFIN, - - - - GEORGIA.

GEO. BYINGTON, Proprietor.

Terms Moderate.

GRIFFIN is attracting a large share of attention as a Summer Resort, [illegible]

[illegible]

Dissolution of Partnership.

HAVING purchased the interest of E. S. May, in the business and property of

C. S. MAY & CO.,

[illegible]

All parties indebted to the firm will make payment [illegible]

[illegible]

Atlanta, Ga., April [illegible], 1873. C. S. MAY.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS, WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-ly

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Carley, Duck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 35 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Water and Oil Colors, &c., a specialty. apr15-eodly.

READ! "PASS IT AROUND." TELL YOUR neighbor, and advertise it in THE CONSTITUTION, that the Great Southern Trunk Warehouse is located Steinheimer Bros. New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.

If any one asks you, where can I buy a fine Saratoga Trunk? tell him at the "above" establishment. And in addition to that, Steinheimer Bros. can fill that Trunk for you with some of the choicest Dress Goods.

Bleached and Brown Domestics,
White and Colored Piques,
White and Colored Lawns
White and Fancy Linens,
Ladies' Silk Ties and Fichus,
And a Fine Silk Parasol.

And anything to complete a Lady's Wardrobe, at prices which will commend themselves, and you will find it to your interest to deal at this popular establishment, where polite salesmen are ever ready to oblige the dear ladies. Be sure and call at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street, before buying your goods elsewhere. STEINHEIMER BROS. april 20-3t.

W. H. BROTHERTON's closing out sale is the place to buy cheap goods. Best prints, 11½c.; striped camor'cs, 13c.; 4-4 bleached domestics, 12½c.; Sixteen bone French women corsets, 65c; 1¼ white marseilles quilts, $1 25; Saratoga, Newport, Magnolia and Empress slippers, $2 25, former price, $3 00; one-button kid gloves, 50c; two-button, 75c.; and all other goods at corresponding reduced rates. tf

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Grand strawberry festival at the Chamber of Commerce to-morrow night.

Mayson will sell an immense stock of furniture and household effects to-morrow.

See notice for meeting of Directors and stockholders of the Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company.

See notice in Bankruptcy.

Mayson will sell 1,500 bushels of corn to-day.

Go to the Strawberry festival to-morrow night

See notice by J. A. Holtzclaw, Collector of Internal Revenue.

IMPORTANT SALE.—The home place of L. B. Davis will be put up to the highest bidder by Wallace & Fowler this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

JINKS CONUNDRUM HARRIS.

An Illustrated Biographical Sketch of One of Georgia's Funny Men.

We gave our readers, a few days ago, an extract detailing the history of one Mr. Bailey, whose humorous paragraphs in a little provincial weekly in New England, called the Danbury News, have made the paper and the man famous over the Union.

We give to-day to our readers a sketch of a young man connected with the Georgia press, whose humor, in its way, is, in our judgment, equally as racy as that of the Danbury joker. We say this in seriousness. Harris' humor has made his paper—the Savannah News—noted for the sparkle of its Georgia column.

The following is an accurate photograph of Harris instructing some of his numerous imitators.



J. C. Harris, or rather Jinks Conundrum Harris was born in the Monroe Advertiser office in the early part of the fifteenth century, and as a baby was noted for his disposition to laugh without cause save that furnished in the melo-dramatic jocularity of his own bosom. When only three days old he is reported to have snickered out in meeting, which demonstration of jovial precocity was but a harbinger of future triumphs in the arena of the comic.

His earliest progenitor is supposed to be a Frenchman somewhat known to fame, a chap named Rabelais. His next noticeable ancestor in direct line was one to whom Jink bears a strong physical resemblance, a jolly old buck, answering to the title of Sir John Falstaff. Another progenitor of note was a piratical sort of harlequin, who flourished in the time of Queen Elizabeth. His name was Mark Twain.

Harris exudes, croons, eats, breathes, looks, imagines, and gesticulates jokes. He, indeed, murmurs jokes, even in his tender hours of love, "which the same" he is very fond of.

But we must stop. The very suggestion of Harris sets our paper to capering with laughter, our table to cutting up comical didoes, pen to dancing a sort of Highland fling. The following are distinguished specimens of Harris' jokes. He has them all patented:

A Rome man wants an air-line narrow gauge canal between Baltimore and New Orleans. We were just talking about this thing the other day. If Rome don't have it erected, hanged if we don't put a couple of able bodied negroes to work on it immediately, and thus receive the copy-right.

The man with the ink eraser was in Macon the other day. The humblest citizen is, by this noble invention, put upon a war-footing, and can at once proceed to raise checks with perfect impunity.

Colonel I. W. Avery, of THE CONSTITUTION, has purchased a new pair of silver-plated gutta-percha garters. He is now of the opinion that women should be allowed to vote without regard to sex.

BE CAREFUL HOW YOU SHOOT.—On Monday night, at about half past one o'clock, Judge R. H. Clark and family were aroused from sleep by a loud crashing sound as of the breaking of glass, but nothing then was discovered of that nature. A policeman was striking his baton on the lamp-post as a signal to his partner. He was asked the cause of the noise, and said that he had shot at a negro man who had jumped over the fence of M. A. Bell, Esq., diagonally across the street. The next morning, on looking more particularly, it was discovered that a pane of glass, concealed by the curtain, was shivered as by a pistol ball. On further search the ball itself was found, which had spent and fallen.

Those who shoot at others, whether lawfully or unlawfully, had better realize before shooting the probability of their shooting into houses, and thereby killing good citizens at home and asleep.

ATLANTA BIBLE SOCIETY.—At a meeting of the officers of the Atlanta Bible Society, held on the 11th of April, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

1. Resolved, That the anniversary of the Atlanta Bible Society be held on the 2d Sunday in May at 8 o'clock P. M., at the Central Presbyterian Church, at which suitable addresses will be delivered.

2. Resolved, That each pastor in and near the city be and is hereby most earnestly requested to obtain from his congregation contributions to the Atlanta Bible Society, for the purpose of supplying the poor of the city with the Holy Scriptures, and that the contribution be made in each congregation either on the fourth Sabbath in April or first in May.

3. Resolved, That the contributions of each congregation be reported and paid to Mr. J. S. Stewart, treasurer, (of the firm of Tommey, Stewart & Beck) during the week before the second Sunday in May, and that the amount from each congregation be reported by the Secretary at the anniversary meeting.

4. Resolved, That there be no public collections at the anniversary meeting.

Pastors are most respectfully requested to obtain contributions from their congregations, and report the same according to the resolutions.

Very truly yours,
J. H. JAMES, President.
REV. DENNIS F. HAMMOND, Vice Pres.
L. B. DAVIS, Cor. Sec'y.
J. S. STEWART, Treasurer.
Executive Committee.

THE GEORGIA WESTERN RAILROAD.

Prospect of Speedy Progress.

Fine Views of Ex-Mayor John H. James, Mayor Hammock and President Campbell Wallace.

We condense the following from a most excellent report, in yesterday's Sun, of the views of the ex-Mayor and Mayor of the city, and the President of the Georgia Western. It will be seen that they substantially agree upon the plan for the further and speedy prosecution of the road, and all of them present fine, practical views upon the subject. THE CONSTITUTION, having strenuously struggled in the behalf of the great enterprise, for three years past, rejoices at the promising prospect of harmony and speedy success.

VIEWS OF EX-MAYOR JAMES.

Reporter—Mr. James, I would like, as a matter of public interest, and if you are free to express your opinion, to have your views upon the Georgia Railroad question.

Mr. James—I have no objection whatever to give my views upon this or any other public matter. There are some people in this city who want the road built, while there are others who do not. I do not think the road absolutely necessary to the welfare of Atlanta, and can see no benefit to be derived from the city controlling it. The road would be in the hands of twelve or fourteen persons—municipal politicians—

* * * * * * * *

Reporter—You are opposed to issuing bonds.

Mr. James—Precisely. If the people of this city will subscribe additional aid to this road, then I am decidedly in favor of raising it by direct assessment on the property of the city. By this means we will avoid shaving the bonds and paying high interest, two items which eat up more than half the aid. Let us not saddle a burden of debt upon ourselves and our children for generations to come, but adopt the old rule, "Pay as we go." If I am to be taxed 5 per cent. let me know it, and I will then know what to do and be done with it. Memphis has been financially ruined by issuing bond after bond, until now they are worth but a nominal figure.

VIEWS OF MAYOR HAMMOCK.

Reporter—Mr. Mayor, the action of the Council last meeting night has caused quite a sensation among our citizens, heightened by the resignation of President Wallace, and the object of my call upon you is to ascertain your view of the situation.

Mayor Hammock—While having a very decided opinion in the matter, yet my position as Mayor precludes me from being very conspicuous with my views.

Reporter—I understand that perfectly, and do not expect you to commit yourself on questions of an official nature. Do you approve of the action of the Council?

Mayor Hammock—An answer to that question would be premature, as I now have the resolution under advisement, and as I have every reason to believe the Council will rescind its action; but I may say the action surprised me very much. The road is, in my opinion, a necessity, and while some heavy capitalists are opposed to the city building it, yet the majority of the people are in favor of it.

Reporter—I am, then, to understand that you are in favor of paying the whole $300,000 in cash, and of selling a sufficient amount in bonds to realize that sum?

Mayor Hammock—That is my position exactly. The city is, in my judgment, pledged by the action of last year's Council to that course. Up to the present month, we have paid the account rendered between the 15th and 18th of every month. This month we have not done so, owing to the action of the Council. The road has been under contract to Grant, Alexander & Co., who have invested a large sum in necessary tools, carts, etc., besides having on hand a large force of convicts whom they cannot discharge. They will be entitled to damages if the city fails in making its payments—so that, looking at the question in every light, I think the money ought to be paid.

Reporter—Are you in favor of ever increasing the subscription, and if you are, are you in favor of issuing bonds or levying a direct tax to meet the increase?

Mayor Hammock—I am in favor of the city controlling and building the road if the subscription has to be increased to do it. Recently I have given the subject of direct tax some attention, and have come to the conclusion that a special tax should be levied and each property holder should receive a certificate of stock equal to his tax. By this means they will have something to show for their money, which, in the end, might prove a profitable investment. The stock would always be worth at least 50c on the dollar. This plan, I think, possesses many advantages over the bond system, which may be seen by a moment's reflection. The certificates will be free from tax, the city will be saved the enormous interest, and will get the full benefit of every dollar invested.

Reporter—What are the advantages to be derived from the completion of the road?

Mayor Hammock—Cheap fuel. And right here let me say that the building of this road is just what the poor people need. All winter they have had to pay from 33c to 35c for coal. We would get it by the Georgia Western for 15c. Most of our poor people who have not over 75c or $1 to buy fuel, at once, look out for one of those one-steer loads of wood—about ten sticks or so—and pay what they have for it. In this way people spend as high as seven or eight dollars for one cord, when put together. With this road built, there is not a two-room house in the city that would not have a grate, and an abundance of coal at 15c.

VIEWS OF PRESIDENT WALLACE.

Major Wallace—I have no interest personally in the matter, beyond performing my duty. I do not want to be receiving a salary for services which the want of means prevents me from rendering. If the road is to be built, I want to go to work at it and finish it; if not, then I have nothing to say. I said in the start it would take $1,000,000 to build it. If the city is not willing to pay that much, then the road might just as well be abandoned. We have had enough surveying, etc., and now must come to business.

Reporter—What is your opinion of the feasibility of the road?

Major Wallace—I am satisfied it is one of the best enterprises in the South, but it will take money to build it, and not talk.

Reporter—I suppose you think it will be a great benefit to the city?

Major Wallace—Yes, sir. I was speaking to-day to a gentleman from one of our manufacturing cities, and he told me that he knew of no point superior to Atlanta for manufacturing, if we only had cheap coal. He assured me that if the road was built, he would invest his capital here. This is the case with hundreds of capitalists; and right here a question of humanity enters. We have among us a large number of poor women and children. The most Christian charity is that not which gives alms, but which gives honorable employment to all. Cheap coal, added to our other advantages, will make Atlanta a manufacturing centre. Cotton factories are especially adapted to give work to women and children, and thus, while extending our commercial facilities, we give employment to the most helpless poor.

Reporter—I suppose then that unless the additional aid is granted, and the $300,000 paid in cash, you will not withdraw your resignation.

Major Wallace—Just so. I cannot conscientiously receive a salary for work I cannot perform; and unless the City Council changes its policy I cannot build the road.

NO RAFFLE.—We mentioned several days since that a magnificent chamber set of furniture would be raffled off at the establishment of Mr. E. Platt & Co., on Whitehall street. This set, composed of twelve pieces, was sold to a merchant of the city on yesterday for $1,000 cash. From a conversation with the members of this firm we learn that since they have established themselves in business here, their largest sales of furniture have been that of the most elegant and beautiful designs and patterns.

Atlanta has grown rapidly as a furniture market. A large amount of fine as well as cheap furniture is sold here, or shipped to purchasers. The trade in rich and costly furniture has increased wonderfully.

The above mentioned chamber set has been sold, yet throughout the huge ware and salesroom of the Messrs. Platt, there is a bewildering array and diversity of the most beautiful patterns of furniture for purposes of utility and ornament, and still offer great inducements to the public.

"The Tale of a Shirt"

Speights, of the Griffin News, relates the following "tale of a shirt" in his inimitable manner, full of humor and fun. Archie is a second Sut Lovingood:

It will be remembered that we had occasion some time since to refer to the fact that our wardrobe in the way of shirts, had been considerably reduced by two gay and festive galoots of Atlanta. They tried to "hornswoggle" people into the belief that we were "goaking," but the big fat one, whose laugh is like "unto that of a horse marine," knew that he was guilty of the soft impeachment, and while in Cincinnati a few days ago, sent us a package. The drayman, with several assistants, wasted it up into our office, and we proceeded to cut strings and open. Box after box was pulled out, and upon reaching the bottom a solitary hickory shirt, cut "regulation fashion," was found, for which we had paid $3 60 expressage. We soon saw the "plat," for we knew by the ear marks who did it. Gliding gently into it, we found ourselves in "stocks," and when the spermaceti and flour, with which it was "done up," began to melt, Sut Lovingood with his "pized shirt" "wasn't nowhar." Hot water, soap suds, oils, liniments and all the remedies known to the doctors were used, and, after six hours of work and struggling, we were hauled out of the infernal thing minus hair and hide. We don't want to commit murder, and since we have cooled down, rejoice that the cause of all this thusness was in Cincinnati guzzling down its famous beer, or the Kimball House would never again been edified with one of those soul-inspiring ha-has of his. We have learned to sleep very snugly in a big arm chair, bolstered up with pillows and bags of poultices, and if we ever tell of a railroad man Credit Mobilierizing our linen again, may we never get that immense fortune to be left us by our old aunt away over in China, and if we do get it never a cent will be donated to Vol. Dunning or Bill Moore.

THOMPSON's regular square meals are all the go.

THE Green Line Agents meet at the Kimball House to-day.

ATLANTA Lodge, Knights of Jericho, picnic to Iceville to-day.

PICNIC parties can rent one of Langford's Refrigerators on accommodating terms.

Just the thing for a picnic party! One of Langford's Refrigerators.

THOSE superb Refrigerators at Langford's is just the thing for picnic parties.

ATLANTA has a lodge of the Knights of Pythias that numbers nearly one hundred members.

MAYSON will sell to-morrow morning furniture of all grades, and household effects generally.

THE Odd Fellows' ball, which was intended should come off on the 16th, will be postponed until the 30th inst.

THE ladies of the First Methodist Church give a strawberry festival in the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce, in the Republic Block, to-morrow night.

THE Fifth Baptist Church will hold a Fair on the second Monday in May, to liquidate the church debt.

THE Furniture Emporium is doing a heavy business in cradles and cribs just now. Some of the cadets have invested!

THE wheat crop in Bartow county is reported to be very unpromising. The clover crop is said to be extraordinarily fine.

THE Directors and Stockholders of the Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company meet at their office at Flat Rock, DeKalb county, on the 3d of May.

THE WOOD CASE.—No decision was rendered yesterday by the Supreme Court in the case of Rev. M. D. Wood. It will not be rendered until next Tuesday.

MAYSON will sell 1,500 bushels of corn at auction to-day, at ten o'clock. Should rain be indicated the sale will positively come off in the house. Come up and lay in your stock of corn.

THE auction house of L. Nathans & Co. yesterday sold one thousand bushels of corn and other articles at auction. Vol. Dunning was in his glory and expects to cry "Hay" to-day.

A DRAY HORSE pulling a dray load of coal attempted to cross on Loyd street, near the Union Passenger Depot, yesterday without paying due attention to the fact that there was a train of cars moving on the track. There was an upward tendency in coal for a while. The driver carried home the irons of his dray and is doctoring his horse.

A private telegram received here yesterday announced the death at 3.15 P. M., at Augusta, of Mrs. W. H. Strickland, wife of the pastor of Kollock street Baptist Church, after a protracted illness. She was a pure, noble, Christian woman. The announcement of her death will send a thrill of woe through the hearts of her legion of friends in this section.

THE PIC-NIC OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—We have been requested to announce to the members of this Church and congregation that their Pic-nic will take place on the 29th of this month. The place of the Pic-nic will be Stone Mountain, and all who go will be assured a most delightful time. Ample arrangements have been made for the accommodation of their guests. Tickets, at the reasonable price of fifty cents each, can be procured from Albert Perdue, Esq. Let all go who want to see some fun.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Lewis Tumlin, of Cartersville, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. G. A. Ramspeck, one of Decatur's best citizens and livest merchants, was in the city yesterday. He reports Decatur flourishing, and the administration of Mayor Winn popular.

Mr. J. H. Kettner, who has the management of Messrs. Cook & Cheek's immense flour ware-house, in Atlanta, did this office the honor of a call yesterday afternoon. He was on his way to Southwestern Georgia, and spent a day in Macon.—*Macon Telegraph and Messenger.*

Mr. A. Pope was in the city yesterday.

Mr Robert E Cowart leaves this morning to locate permanently in Texas.

Among the arrivals at the Kimball House last night we noticed the following: G H Cotter, Mrs Cotter, LaGrange; J F Thompson, Cedar Town; W H Neil, C M Pennington, Rome; Miss Emma Dyson, Miss Kate Burdett, Washington; Rev D Emanuel Butler, T J Barney, Mrs Barney, Madison; Gen R J Henderson, Covington; S B Morse, Detroit; D J Smith, Chicago; J J Trotter, Danville, Va.

At the National the following were registered among other: W J Malone, Mrs Malone, LaGrange; T Haley and family, Forsyth; J D Collins, Toox; S C Weems; T Fleming, Georgia; D S Printup, Rome; Colonel R M Young, Calhoun; R T Huested, Baltimore; J T Landrum, Thomaston; J Thomson, Hon. J W McCurdy, Stone Mountain; W P Yates, Campbell county; R L Rogers, R L Nortes, Walhalla, S C.

THE COURTS.

Full Proceedings of the Superior and Supreme Courts—The Hard Lot of a United States Prisoner—An Assault and Battery Case that was not Tried.

Supreme Court.

[DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

13 Atlanta	26	17 Middle	2
14 Rome	27	18 Ocmulgee	13
15 Cherokee	11	19 Eastern	6
16 Augusta	13	20 Brunswick	7

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *April* 22, 1873.—*After delivering opinions in cases already argued the usual order of business was resumed.*

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 23. Argument concluded.

No. 21. Atlanta Mining and Rolling Mill Co. vs. Robert C. Dwyer, complaint, from Fulton, argued. Pope & Brown for plaintiff in error. L. J. Glenn & Son for defendant.

At the conclusion of the argument of the above stated case the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.

The proceedings of this dignified tribunal yesterday were not of especial interest.

In the case of William R. Grantham vs. The Macon and Western Railroad, the jury have returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $700, so he is happy. The argument of this case by Hillyer & Bro., on one side, and by Colonel N. J. Hammond on the other, consumed the entire morning.

Only two other cases were disposed of: one garnishment proceeding was dismissed by order of the Court, and one judgment was taken by default.

We have heard a good joke on several of our prominent citizens, who made their appearances in the court room yesterday filled with the idea that they were summoned as grand jurors, and who, by order of the court, were placed on the petit jury. It was sad to watch the "change that came o'er the spirit of their dreams," but it could not be helped, and on the petit jury they had to go.

Court adjourned pending the trial of the case of Thompson, Bro. & Co. vs. William Laird, complaint, number 193 Common Law Docket, April Term, 1873. Hillyer & Bro., for plaintiff; Henry Jackson & Bro., contra.

The United States Commissioner's Court.

James D. Hansard, a prisoner of the United States, who has been confined in jail for some time past under two charges—obstructing an officer and illicit distilling—succeeded in procuring bail yesterday. For the first offence he gave a bond of $600, and for the second a bond of $1,000. He had hardly signed the bonds before he was re-arrested upon a warrant charging him with Ku-Kluxing, or violations of the Enforcement Act, and was re-committed to jail. This was very hard, as he had been working for some time to get up bonds in the two other cases, and did not know of the existence of this third warrant. His preliminary examination will take place in a few days.

The Justice's Court.

Some few days since an affray came off between a number of white boys and a party of blacks. Brickbats were freely used on both sides, and with considerable effect. In the course of the row a white boy named Daniel Hilton struck a negro boy named John Ferrill, a pretty severe blow with one of these missils. The wrathful negro took out a warrant against Hilton for assault and battery, and the case has been pending before Justice Munday for a day or two. Yesterday afternoon, however, the prosecution seeing that nothing would be effected, settled the case by withdrawing the warrant and paying the costs.

Station House Report.

Rather more than the usual number of arres s were made by the police yesterday. At ten o'clock last night nine persons had been brought in. Whisky and idleness were the main troubles.

THE RED BAT.—Messrs. Redwine & Fox have on exhibition at their store a natural curiosity, which is well adapted to excite the surprise and astonishment of any one who may visit it. It is a specimen of the red bat and is a very rare specimen of this rare creation. Our limited knowledge of batology forbids our giving to our readers such a scientific history of this red bat, as its rarity and interest would warrant. Suffice to say that it probably belongs to the silurian age and the order crustacean.

We called to see it yesterday and can truthfully say that our surprise at what we did see was great—in fact overwhelming. Another interesting point about this curiosity is the fact that it was found in our city, having been first discovered by Mr. R. J. Wiles, who resides on Hawson street.

Dr. Fox has this curiosity securely fastened up in a box with a plenty of holes cut therein to admit light and air. While the affable Doctor is ever ready to show his prize to all who may call in, he is constantly on the watch lest some more scientific and enthusiastic visitor should lay violent hands upon it and carry it off. All who have seen it say that it is very astonishing, and will produce a very peculiar effect upon the beholder.

WATER-WORKS.

Meeting of Council and Commissioners.

The Commissioners Want Instructions.

There were present last night at the Recorder's Court Room Mayor Hammock; Aldermen Brotherton, Morris, Dodd, Beatie, Mecaslin, Goldsmith, Rice, McDuffie, Boring, McMillan, and Langston, and A. Murphy, C. L. Redwine, J. L. Dunning, J. Ormond, and W. B. Cox, Water Commissioners.

On motion Mayor Hammock was called to the chair and Alderman Goldsmith requested to act as secretary.

Mr A. Murphy, President of the Board of Water Commissioners, explained that the Board desired to know the feeling and intentions of Council in the matter. The company with whom the contract was made for machinery, was pressing the Board to prosecute the work. The letter was dated in February, and stated that the company had incurred heavy expense in making patterns. The contract was made two years ago, and payments were due on it. The contract for pipe had been rescinded.

Dr. C. L. Redwine thought the first thing necessary was to dispose of the proposition of Bakotzer & Titlebaum; then the Board would have a proposition to make.

Alderman McMillan understood that the proposition was withdrawn.

Alderman Goldsmith moved that it be considered as withdrawn, which prevailed.

Alderman Rice moved that Council now hear the proposition of the Commissioners.

Mr. Murphy stated that the Commissioners were ready to proceed with the work, if sustained by Council. The parties who contracted to make the machinery agreed to take one-fourth the cost in bonds at 85 cents on the dollar and would perhaps agree to take one half at that sum. The works were contracted to be erected at Peachtree Creek. Some, however, prefer the Chattahoochee river. The party contracting for the machinery will agree to locate the works at the Chattahoochee River.

It would cost too much money to build a reservoir, but under the Holly System a reservoir could be built whenever desired. It would cost completed some $385,000. The water of the Chattahoochee could be purified by a natural filter. The pipe would cost about $50,000 per mile

Dr. Redwine thought that the Commissioners had been too liberal in their estimate. A sixteen-inch pipe would supply Atlanta for fifteen or twenty years with water; then another pipe could be added of sixteen inches giving 32 inches. He saw no difficulty on the bond question. They were water bonds, and the works were a good basis of credit. Major Cox buys all the water he uses now.

After a protracted discussion upon the reduction of insurance, Alderman Langston offered the following resolution, prefacing it with a short and sensible (these words always go together) speech.

Whereas, Water is a necessity in Atlanta.

Resolved, That the Board of Water Commissioners be authorized to enter into contracts for the immediate construction of water works for the city on the most favorable plan and to the best interests of the city: all contracts before being binding to be submitted to Council for their approval.

Ald. McMillan thought that under the rules the resolution could not be acted on this meeting.

Ald. Rice wanted to meet the question at once. He wanted no delay nor no private company in his'n (he don't take his'n straight.)

An elaborate discussion ensued on the subject of private or stock companies taking the works.

Mr. Ormond and Mr. Dunning, of the Commissioners, wanted the Council to take action. If there was nothing for them to do, let them know it.

Alderman Boring didn't want to throw cold water on the Commissioners, but offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Board of Water Commissioners be authorized to employ a competent engineer to make the necessary surveys from the various points spoken of from which water can be brought into the city, and report the probable cost of the same to the City Council through the Water Commissioners.

After another lengthy discussion on this subject, both resolutions were referred to the special committee on water-works, to report upon at the next regular meeting next Friday night.

The meeting thereupon adjourned

Local and Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Jackson's Magic Balsam has cured Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of a thirty years' rheumatism in his hip. A 25 cents bottle did the deed.

Just think of it, 25 cents' worth of Jackson's Magic Balsam, two applications, curing a case of rheumatism in the hip joint of Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of thirty years' standing.

Sold by Redwine & Fox, George Howard, Henry Pope, and all druggists.
apr22—dtf

FIRE! FIRE!—SLAUGHTER OF FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.—M. & J. Hirsch announce to the public that their stock has been injured by fire to such an extent as to render indispensible the purchase of an entire new stock. They will from this day offer their entire stock of Clothing and Underwear at prices which must close them out at once. This is a rare chance to buy fine goods at merely nominal prices. Call at once. The goods must be sold. M. & J. HIRSCH,
Next door to Chamberlin & Boynton.
apr9—dtf

NOTICE.—One of the best recommendations of Jackson's Magic Balsam is, that in the town of Barnesville, where the medicine is manufactured, 1,500 bottles have been sold and not a single bottle has failed to give satisfaction. Sold by all druggists.
apr20—dtf

DRUGGISTS, grocers, supply dealers and dry goods merchants, are writing to the proprietor of Jackson's Magic Balsam every day, soliciting agencies to sell the Balsam, and why is this? Two reasons why. One is its own merits. The other is, its merits are made known through the columns of the newspapers.
mar25—dtf

Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors EISEMAN & BRO., Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors 36 Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors WHITEHALL STREET. Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock
mar23—dtf

JACKSON'S BALSAM cures that most disagreeable of all diseases, the Tothache in one minute, by simply bathing the gums with it. Sold by HEARD, CRAIG & CO.
mar25—dtf

FRIEND, are suffering with Neuralgia? If so, go to Heard, Craig & Co.'s and get a small bottle of Jackson's Magic Balsam, and our word for it, you will be the means of selling 50 bottles of it. mar25—dtf

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM conquers Poison, masters Pain, and truly proves the sufferers gain. Sold by
HEARD, CRAIG & Co.,
mar25—dtf Atlanta.

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM will sell fast and always gives satisfaction.
mar25—dtf

BREAKFAST from 6 to 12 M.; dinner from 12 M., until 3 P. M.; Supper from 3 to 12 P. M., at Thompson's Restaurant.
apr17—d1w

BATHS, hot and cold, at anytime, at
apr17—d1w THOMPSON's.

FAMILIES supplied with Ice Cream in any quantity, at Thompson's Restaurant.
apr17—d1w

THE fiat has gone forth that Mr. Hope supplies babies with carriages. They can now be supplied with Bonnets at 50 cents a piece, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

THE Edward and Monogram Kid Gloves, and a Buttoner with every pair, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun wed-fri

500 yards Black Silk, purchased very advantageously, at $2 00 per yard, worth $3 00—a great bargain—at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

A FULL line of Hosiery, Ladies' Collars and Neckties, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

100 Ladies Suits to be opened to-morrow, at
apr20-sun-wed-fri MRS. FRANK'S.

THE best assortment of Corsets in the city, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

KID Gloves and Corsets at 40 cents, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

LADIES' Underwear, very cheap, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

A GREAT many Novelties to open during this week, at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

IT is not positively known whether Madame Lucca intends to visit this city, but the fact exists that ten dozen Lucca Opera Bows have just been received at MRS. FRANK'S.
apr20—d3t-sun-wed-fri

VIRUS IN THE AIR.—We know that a peculiar poison is evolved from marshy ground and from the decomposing filth of cities by the sunshine of spring, and that this element which is too subtle to be detected by scientific analysis, produces epidemic and epidemic fevers, aggravates dyspepsia and all bilious disorders, disturbs the bowels, relaxes the nerves and debilitates the general system. Luckily an antidote to this atmospheric virus, and a specific for the diseases it generates, has been provided. For a period of more than twenty years Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine in which the finest vegetable tonics and alteratives are combined with a perfectly pure stimulant, has taken precedence of every other preparation, as a specific for the ailments most prevalent at this season of the year. It is agreeable as well as effectual, and eminently safe and wholesome.
deod&w1w.

$250,000 WORTH OF CASH

PLATT & CO.,

NOS. 7 & 9 JAMES BANK BLOCK,

—AND—

No. 25 Alabama street, Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

Prices Low to Cash —AND— Prompt Paying Customers

apr13—d6m

Great Summer Resort

FOR HEALTH OR PLEASURE,

The Oconee White Sulphur Springs.

(McCamey's) near Gainesville, Georgia.

THE above named Springs have been leased by Mrs. J. G. Trammell & Son, (late of Trammell House, Gainesville) where their friends and the public generally, who are in quest of either HEALTH or PLEASURE, will find ample means of enjoyment.

The water of these springs need no comment in their medical qualities are known from New York to the Gulf. The climate cannot be surpassed. The Hotel has been newly furnished and guests will be given every attention that is required to make their stay pleasant and agreeable. Charges moderate.
apr18-dim MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL & SON.

Savannah Republican and Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel please copy and send accounts to Gainesville.

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.

april—dtf

INHALING SYSTEM!



DR. JONES

Who effected the great cures at Macon, Ga., during the winter, has been prevailed upon to extend his stay at the

KIMBALL HOUSE, Atlanta, Ga.

Until the 10th of May.

DR. JONES will practice at the

STANTON HOUSE, Chattanooga, Tenn

FROM THE 10TH TO THE EVENING OF THE 13TH OF MAY, 1873.

After the 13th of May, Dr. Jones' address will be JOHANNES A. JONES, M. D., New York City Postoffice.

☞ Letters containing one dollar will be answered, if not, they are not read.

Letters on Prevalent Diseases that Affect the American Nation.

SYMPTOMS OF CHRONIC CARTARRH

BY DR. J. A. JONES.

THE above cut represents DR. JONES' new method of curing diseases of the Lungs and Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Trachetis, Layringetis, Consumption, Enlarged Tonsils, Pleurisis, breaking up Congestion of the Lungs and Liver, and effecting cures of the Respiratory Organs with certainty and ease, that cannot be reached by any other method.

His remedies are reduced to warm spray—are specific in their nature; they reach the whole diseased surface at every breath; they are carried directly into the blood without having to go through the process of digestion; only certain prepared remedies can be used on the system.

A few so-called family doctors are experimenting with the Inhaler and their Caustics, Iodines, and other relics of barbarism peculiar to that practice—the result is, they are destroying the reputation of the only system that will cure Throat Diseases. Only certain mild remedies can be taken into the Lungs, and they are not kept by druggists nor known to the general profession.

1st. Of the head—heavy, dull, aching over the eyes, sometimes extending back through different parts of the head, and causing a weight or heat, of coldness on top of the head, snapping and cracking noise in the ears, dullness of hearing often the secretion collects in middle ear, closing up the eustachian tubes, producing deafness—the lining membrane being the same from the head through the whole alimentary canal, and down into the lungs, it has but to extend itself to affect the whole system. It becomes virulent in the nose sometimes, causing a tenderness, or producing offensive breath, discharges of yellowish matter and scabs the shape of the nostrils, or if the partition bone is only affected, then the Ichars are flat, and when they discharge, which is generally after exertion, the nose is open, the patient breathes more easily and the head feels more clear—the heaviness over the eyes and across the forehead is seldom entirely gone, but it is aggravated by every fresh cold. The offensive smell for which the unfortunate chews many kinds of drugs to neutralize or destroy, and thereby be enabled to go into society without being a positive nuisance, which persons of both sexes are, on account of this barbarous and offensive disease, called OZOENA, which has now assumed a Tertiary form of Cancer, destroying everything but the outside skin, letting the nose sink in, extending to the throat, destroying the voice, etc., when the disease is called Layringetis, Trachetis, Bronchitis, etc.

SYMPTOMS OF THE THROAT.

A collection of tenacious slimy secretion falling down into the throat and thrown out—tickling, rasping, hoarseness and scraping to keep open the wind pipe; difficult breathing, oppression and soreness under the breast bone; tenderness in the left side; rheumatic pains between the shoulders; stiff neck on taking cold; palpitation of the heart; torpid liver; sometimes yellow complexion; general dull and heavy feeling; extreme shortness of breath; soreness of stomach pit; bloated sensation; belching of wind; yawning, gaping keeping mouth open to breathe; distress, sleepless nights; worse when lying down, and it now terminates either in Consumption of the lungs, or follows the mucous membrane through the whole alimentary and urinal canal, causing Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Inflammation of the Bladder, trouble in the Urinary Organs, (and in women, nearly the whole train of female diseases,) and general Consumption, emaciation, complete prostration, etc., with all of which, and many other symptoms, called by twenty different names, the sufferer may exist for a while. Dr. Jones cures this dangerous and insiduous disease by the Æiren System—using specific medicines known only to himself, applied to the disease surface, in the form of spray. He relieves the sufferer in a few minutes and supplies the patient with all that is required to finish the cure at home.

OZOENA.

An Offensive Disease in the Nose.

Which eats away the partition bone, destroys the sense of smell, produces green or yellowish scabs, the shape of the nostril—sometimes flat, often tainted with blood and matter; causing weight and dull aching over the eyes, headache, loss of memory, giddiness, etc. This disease is often caused by neglected colds, by suppressed skin diseases, Scrofula, Scarlet Fever, Psoriasis, Syphilis, and other contagious diseases, and is itself contagious. It often extends to the throat, producing Hoarseness, Bronchitis, and CONSUMPTION. It is a Tertiary form of Cancer, DESTROYING the NOSE and THROAT when too long neglected. DR. JONES is the ONLY Physician in the United States who thoroughly understands curing this dangerous and offensive disease. He destroys the offensive smell in FIVE MINUTES, and relieves the sufferer in every way AT ONCE, and CURES the disease in a short time. For this disease Dr. Jones has special instruments with which to apply his specific remedies to the spot. Nasal Douches and catarrh remedies generally drive this disease to the lungs more quickly.

Letter No. 3.

By DR. J. A. JONES, of London.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH,

Prevalent in America and Europe.

1. OF THE HEAD.—Tingling, itching, with a sense of dryness and obstruction of the nose, sneezing, running of a watery secretion; as it progresses, the secretion becomes mucous, entire obstruction of one or both nostrils, hawking, tickling of the throat, coughing, etc. 2. Catarrh of the Chest prevails as an epidemic sometimes, and is called influenza; with or without fever, and many of the symptoms just mentioned; there is oppression across the breast, rawness and burning of the throat, first dry, afterward a copious secretion of mucous, which may become opaque or frothy, difficulty of breathing, pain in the head, and dull feelings, a sense of soreness, extending under the breast bone to the stomach-pit; the fits of coughing may occasion vomiting, oppression, prostration; as the disease progresses, the sputa becomes ropy and viscid. This disease is called the Grippe by some. Catarrhal Inflammation of the eyes arises from colds, causes obstruction of the ear passages, watery eyes, fistula, lachrymalis, dimness of vision, etc.

SUPPRESSED CATARRH may produce inflammation of the lungs, brain or eyes, or give rise to rheumatism, nervous disorders, weeping, moaning, tremors and convulsions, drowsiness, chilliness, sporting, twitching, palpitation of the heart, etc. When the frontal sinuses above the eyes, posterior and anterior nasal passages, become clogged up, and even the antrum or cavity of the cheek bone become filled, or partly, it often produces a pressure on the nerves that supply these parts, and pains like the most excruciating neuralgia is the result. The disease follows the mucous membrane through the eustachian tubes to all parts of the same membrane of the ear, causing hypertrophy of the drum, interferes with the functions of the glands of Wharton, which secrete the wax; a dryness follows hardness of hearing, roaring, buzzing, singing, whistling, cracking, the ringing of bells, and similar noises, which vary, and which are simple effects, and when the cause is removed, the effects cease; this hardness of hearing increases with each cold.

Dr. Jones has made old standing diseases of every name a specialty all his life. He is well prepared and performs all the more difficult and delicate operations in surgery, especially of the eye, ear and nose. He is a graduate of the best medical colleges in Europe and America, and his diplomas proving the same are suspended in his office.

☞ Letters containing one dollar will be answered.

Dr. Jones' fees vary from $40 to $1,000. His terms are cash. His fees are considered very low for the great amount of good he does.

Opthalmia, or Sore Eyes.

Of these there are nine structural varieties, each of which have peculiarities, but are very much alike in many respects, and are cured by Dr. Jones without bandages or caustics of any kind, in from twenty-four hours to a month or two. The patient need not be with him but an hour in any case.

Strabismus or Cross-Eyedness

Is a contraction of one or more of the muscles of the eye; it is remedied by dividing the muscle which is contracted; is attended with no danger, and is on the surface of the eyeball; we can restore all such cases to their natural appearance and sight by a direct operation which we have performed ... wherein the ... we are in all diseases and ... operations which we are prepared to do at hand.

mar23-d&wtf

J. A. STEWART. H. D. AUSTIN. R. L. WINHAM.

STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.,

Merchant Millers,

Atlanta, {MILLS ON WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, Corner of Marietta and Simpson Streets.} Georgia.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Celebrated FFF, FF, & Family Brands of Flour,

WE ARE DETERMINED

To Sell for Cash Only!

A strict adherence to the CASH SYSTEM will enable us to sell at prices offering GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO DEALERS TO BUY FOR CASH.

And we are sure they will find it to their interest to examine our Price List before purchasing elsewhere.

WE MAKE ONLY THREE GRADES OF FLOUR,

FFF, FF, AND FAMILY,

put up in Sacks, Half Sacks, and Quarter Sacks; and EVERY SACK IS WARRANTED equal, in its grade, to the BEST on the market.

apr13-d-f STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.

Ho! Ho! Ho! For the Picnics, Ho!

Oranges! Oranges!! Oranges!!!

LEMONS! LEMONS!! LEMONS

25,000 ORANGES AND LEMONS

Received Weekly!

Choice Fresh and Sound Cocoa Nuts, $8 50 per hundred.
Choice Tennessee Ground Peas, $1 25 per bushel.
50 dozen full weight 2 pound Standard Canned Tomatoes.
50 dozen full weight 2 pound Standard Canned Peaches.
50 dozen full weight 2 pound Standard Canned Pine Apples.
50 half boxes New Layer Reisens—$1 75 each.
50 quarter boxes New Layer Reisens—$1 00 each.
25 half barrels selected Pickles.
100 cases New Fruit Jellies.
250 dozen full weight 1 and 2 pound Oysters.

500 pounds Fresh and New Fig—oval boxes—85 cents per dozen.
25 cases Choice Brandy Peaches.
10 cases French Brandy Cherries.
25 boxes new Dates.
English and American Pickles in glass.
Morton's celebrated London Biscuits, in half barrels—15 cents per pound.

A Large Stock of all Kinds of Nuts!

Patent and Parafine Candles. I keep a full stock of the best Green and Black Teas, Mocha, Java, Rio and Maracaibo Coffee, green and roasted; best English Spices, Nelson's London Gelatine, Nelson's London Cocoa; Crushed White Wheat; Eagle Brand Condensed Milk.

☞ ALL THE ABOVE GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES POSSIBLE.

W. F. STOKES.

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Fruits, Nuts, Produce and Fancy Groceries,

AGENT FOR MORTON'S CELEBRATED LONDON BISCUITS,

No. 2 Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

apr23—d3tawtf

"DOMESTIC."



I have been using the "Domestic Sewing Machine" for 7 months, and certify that it is by far superior to any I have ever seen. Twenty years' experience ought to give me some idea of the superiority of one machine over another, and I feel safe in saying that the "Domestic" is BY FAR superior to any Machine NOW MADE.

L. N. HAIR,
Merchant Tailor, Griffin, Ga.

Owners of other machines are anxious to exchange for it.

We have a large number of the late Improved Howe, Singer and Wheeler & Wilson machines we have taken in exchange at a nominal price, for sale VERY CHEAP.

Agents wanted.

Domestic Sewing Machine Company,
No. 4 DeGive's Opera House,
jan17—d3f Atlanta, Ga.

A SAFE BOND!

I OFFER for sale a limited amount of the FIRST MORTGAGE CONSOLIDATED BONDS of the Central Railroad and Southwestern Railroad of Georgia, bearing Seven Per Cent. Interest, with Coupons thereto, payable in New York on July and January. These are the best Bonds on the market, and are offered until the first of May at ... and interest accrued since first of January. Parties who would invest in something which can't burn up or walk away, and based on a property worth ... of dollars, will act wisely to secure these bonds. Apply to JOHN H. JAMES,
april6—d1mo Banker.

Citizens Bank of Georgia.

Authorized Capital $1,000,000

BANKING ROOMS,

REPUBLIC BLOCK, Atlanta.

DOES a General Banking Business. Buys and sells Exchange, ... and ... on all parts of the country.
JOHN T. GRANT, President.
PERINO BROWN, Cashier. jan1—d3f

D. C. SEYMOUR, of Ga. W. H. POPE, of Tenn.

D. C. SEYMOUR & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

AND

Dealers in all Kinds of Produce,

No. 33 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

☞ Orders and Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly. mar14-dtf

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO. are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connecting with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 4 o'clock P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms moderate.
april—dtf

Atlanta & New Orleans Short Line

By the Way of West Point, Georgia, and Montgomery, Alabama.

ON AND AFTER March 1, 1873, double daily passenger trains will run on this line as follows:

STATIONS.	FIRST TRAIN. Leave	FIRST TRAIN. Arrive
Atlanta	1:10 A. M.	
Montgomery	10:15 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
Mobile	10:30 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
New Orleans		4:10 A. M.

STATIONS.	SECOND TRAIN. Leave	SECOND TRAIN. Arrive
Atlanta	7:40 A. M.	
Montgomery	4:55 P. M.	5:05 P. M.
Mobile	9:45 A. M.	5:05 P. M.
New Orleans		3:30 P. M.

Passengers going South and Southwest, will find this line ... shorter and ... hours quicker to New Orleans and all points in Texas ... Forty six miles shorter to Vicksburg and all points in Central and Southern Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas.

The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars through from Atlanta to New Orleans, without change.

☞ Through tickets to all points. Buy your tickets by the way of West Point and Montgomery.

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
C. J. POMBACHER,
Superintendent Western Railroad of Alabama.
G. JORDAN,
General Supt. Mobile and Montgomery Railroad.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger Agent, Georgia Railroad Depot,
ap-mtf

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

BY MRS. E. McLAREN.

☞ Board per Day $2 ...

THE Regular Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, Breakfast and Dinner at this House. ...
april—dtf

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

STRIKE THROUGH THE KNOT.

I well remember, years ago, how I, a little lad,
To split a knotty stick essayed, with all the strength I had;
In vain I worked about the knot, but chips flew round the door;
And wearied, I laid down the axe, and thought I'd try no more.

Just then, an old man passing by, who chanced to see my plight,
Cried out aloud, "Hold, hold, my boy, you have not tried aright;
This hacking splinters will not gain the object you have in sight;
But split it through the knot, my boy, directly through the knot."

I tried once more, and on the knot struck hard to make it twain;
Once, twice, thrice, and the stick was split; I dropped my axe again;
"And now," quoth he, "By this you see, just how it is in life,
All the way through you'll find hard knots and sorrow, care and strife.

"And should you only hack at them, you'll make but sorry speed;
But, if you strike them manfully, you surely will succeed;
The lives of great men always lead through many a troubled way,
And would you walk therein, my boy, remember what I say."

Thus he spoke, and ever since I've found his words so true,
That I will give as I received, the same advice to you,
And if you heed it, you will find, as others have, I wot,
The wisest plan, and surest way, is striking *through the knot.*

Changing Clothing.

In the latitudes of New England and New York, going westward, the month of March is the most disagreeable of the whole year, with its changing temperature, its slosh and mud, its cold, raw, damp winds; and although not as cold as January and February, it is more prolific of dangerous diseases, greatly promoted by the hurry of the people for lighter clothing; but it would be better to wear the entire winter suits through March, and even to the middle of April, and even then, until the first of May, to make no change in the outer clothing, nor any in the inner garments, except to a less heavy woolen the skin; for it is only for the three hours next embracing one o'clock in the afternoon that winter clothing is at all oppressive; while the very warmth of noonday makes the raw dampness of the morning and late afternoons specially felt.

All changes to a lighter or cooler garments should be made at dressing in the morning, and if in any case the changes leaving the body chilly, or soon after it is made the weather changes to be mucooler, by all means promptly, without an half hour's delay, resume the full winter dress The old, the young, the invalid, in short all persons of feeble constitutions, of small vitality, should be especially careful to heed these suggestions, inattention to which give rise to the announcements in the morning papers, in the early spring, "Died suddenly yesterday, —of pneumonia,"—often the very friend whom we had met on the street, or at church, within a week, opparently as well and as hearty as ever before.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

What Ex-President Davis is Doing—His Opinion of Ben. Hill and Longstreet.

MEMPHIS, April 16, 1873.

Our most noted citizen, Hon. Jefferson Davis, is the most retiring and quiet person we have in our community. He devotes himself to the duties of president of the Carolina Life Insurance Company, managing its affairs with great judgment and discretion. It is generally understood that Mr. Davis is a good hater, but this does not imply that he is not a very genial and more than ordinarily good-natured person. Possessing a wonderful store of knowledge, and an exceedingly happy faculty of telling what he knows, makes the ex-President of the Confederacy an acquaintance to be sought after. If he is not in the habits of pardoning an enemy, neither does he ever forget a friend.

MR. DAVIS' OPINION OF BEN. HILL AND LONGSTREET.

Not long since, I was present when a gentleman remarked to Mr. Davis that the political course of Ben. Hill, of Georgia, was, to say the least of it, to be regretted. "Possibly," answered Mr. Davis, "Hill might have pursued a course in recent politics that I would have liked better, if I cared much about such things; but I will be far from censuring the man for anything he may do now who stood by me when all others forsook our cause. It was in those trying times that he proved himself the truest of the true. His pen and his voice were on my side when I most needed them, and they were equal to ten thousand bayonets, and I shall not forget his services." The other endeavored to support his position by citing Longstreet's case, arguing that Longstreet had been a good soldier in a good cause, yet his late political antecedents are sufficient to destroy any and all former good opinions formed of him. Mr. Davis did not think the case exactly parallel. Longstreet was an ordinary man, whose place could have been supplied by a thousand persons. Hill was a great man and a power.

THAT COUNTERSIGN.—A Southern subscriber sends us the following reminiscence of the rebellion, showing how very necessary it was in those days to know the countersign:

As the chilly night drew on, not a thousand miles from Natchez, once upon a time might have been seen a solitary Teuton, steering his steed along the by path of the valley of pass. Thus it was, and the squawk of the snaptoodle was only heard, when, suddenly—"Halt," rung out in startling tones, upon the night air.

"Halt it vas!" was the response.

"Who dun cum dar?" interrogated the dusky sentinel.

"Frensh, mit der countershin!" was the answer.

"Fren wid de countersine, 'vance an' gub it!"

Leaning accommodatingly over from his weary charger, the rider was about to whisper the talismanic word, when old Gunlock, anticipatingly, claps his mouth to the horseman's ear and exclaims, "teetum!"

"Te Tuyvel" cried Hans, "vat ish dat?"

"Dem's un!" says Ebo "teetum! don't ye dun know, dem is dun been de countersine?"

"You plack dunderheads," retorted Hans, "de vorts vas Antydam! I knows so better as myself!"

"Den pass!" replies smutface, and in a moment, only the echoes of retiring hoofs could be recognized, excepting when the sparks from his iron heels upon the flint stones flashed spitefully back upon the wandering optics of the lightning bug.

The word for the night was Antietam.

SUN BATHS.—Sun baths cost nothing and are the most refreshing and life-giving baths that one can take, whether sick or well. Every housekeeper knows the necessity of giving her woolens the benefit of the sun, from time to time, and especially after a long rainy season or a long absence of the sun. Many will think of the injury their clothes are liable to from dampness, who will never reflect that an exposure of their own bodies to the sunlight is equally necessary to their own health. The sun baths cost nothing, and that is a misfortune, for people are still deluded with the idea that those things can only be good or useful which cost money. Let it not be forgotten that three of God's most beneficent gifts to man, three things the most necessary to good health, sunlight, fresh air and water, are free to all; you can have them in abundance, without money and without price, if you will. If you want to enjoy good health, then see to it that you are supplied with pure air to breathe all the time; that you bathe for an hour or so in the sunlight and that you quench your thirst with no other fluid than water.

PICTURES OF BRIGHAM YOUNG.—A fiery, untamed correspondent of the New York Herald has been indulging in an attempt to sketch Brigham Young. The result is as follows: "The Prophet of the Rocky Mountains may be said to combine pre-eminently in his person the distinguishing traits of three representative men—Mohammed, Richelieu and Grant. Add to these the comic peculiarities of Tabernacle Talmage and the brow-beating eloquence of George Francis Train, and the 'make-up' of Brigham Young, the Mountain Prophet, is complete."

JUST HER LUCK.—A veritable descendant of St. Martha came into a neighbor's house a few days since, downcast, wearying with many cares, and cumbered with much serving, exclaimed:

"So much to do! cleaning, cooking, working, washing, sewing, and everything else! No rest, never was, never will be, for me!"

"Oh, yes," said the good woman she addressed, "there will be a rest one day for us all—a long rest."

"Not for me! not for me!" was the reply. "Whenever I do die there will be certain to be resurrection the very next day! It would be just my luck!"

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye is easily applied, imparts a beautiful black or brown, and acts like a magic. Try a box, and you will not be disappointed. apr15-d1w&w1t.

TEETH like orient pearls set in cushions of rose;
A breath like the perfume the toilet bestows;
These are charms to win hearts, when all other charms fade,
But they can't be preserved without Sozodont's aid. apr15-d&w1w.

TRIED BY TIME.—For throat diseases, Colds and Coughs, Brown's Bronchial Troches have proven their efficacy by a test of many years. apr15-d1w&w1t.

AN ounce of preventative is worth a pound of cure. To prevent Chills and Fever, take Simmon's Liver Regulator. apr15-deod1w&w1t.

USE less of Dooley's than any other Yeast or Baking Powder, as it is much stronger. Put up full weight. Give it a fair trial. Grocers sell it. apr15-deod1w.

THE Purest and Sweetest Cod-Liver Oil is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Casswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. apr6-d&w4w



THIS CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbunkles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly elimination them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying, and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.

J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SURE For all forms of Chills and Fever, Intermittent and Remittent Fever, are found in AGUE
Kress Fever Tonic.
CURE It contains no poisonous ingredients, and cures Ague by cancelling the Ague Poison in the BLOOD, and ejecting it from the system. Box of Pills with each Bottle. CURES GUARANTEED by
W. C. HAMILTON & CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

12 SAMPLES sent by mail for 50c. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOOLCOTT, 181 Chatham-sq, N.Y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—50,000 addresses, to which specimen copies of SMITH'S MAGAZINE will be sent free. Ag'ts wanted. Write, Pliny F Smith, 51 Liberty st., N. Y.

$4 from 25 cts.—Eight samples mailed free for 25 cts that sell at sight for four dollars, to any person in Atlanta who will act as ag't. RANDALL & CO., 767 Broadway, N. Y.

BUILDERS Send for our Illustrated Catalogue of new books on building.
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We will pay all agents $40 per week in cash, who will engage with us at ONCE. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address,
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An easy and sure way to make money.

NOTICE.
REDUCTION OF PRICE OF BOARD.
ST. CLAIR HOTEL,
Monument Square, Baltimore, Md.
On and after March 1st, 1873, board at this Hotel, to merchants, will be $2 50 per day. The only hotel in Baltimore with improved elevator. Suits of rooms with baths and all other conveniences.
HARRY H. FOGLE, Manager.

BECKWITH SEWING MACHINE---$12.
ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL!
THE IMPROVED ($12) BECKWITH SEWING MACHINE, with new Braiding Foot, and many other modern improvements, all complete, with Hemmer, Guide, Four Needles, &c, warranted two years—with care it will do your family sewing for a lifetime Nearly ten thousand of these machines have been sold the past season, which WITHOUT the above improvements, are giving universal satisfaction. We will show letters to any who may call, from disinterested purchasers, in which they state that they would not exchange ours for the best high-priced machine in the market. It makes the popular Elastic Loop Stitch, and closes its seam securely, which renders it the strongest and best; yet when desired it can be unlocked at pleasure. Fastened to any table. Easily worked by hand. This is the machine which Messrs. Orange Judd & Co., of the American Agriculturalist, &c., use so many thousands for premiums. Full directions go with every machine. If after having the machine 30 days, it does not give perfect satisfaction, we will refund the $12, on return of machine, less the express charges, and take the risk of its being injured. All orders promptly filled on receipt of Post-office order for $12, or if $3 are sent with your order to us, the balance can be paid to the Express Co., when you receive the machine. Terms to Agents liberal, but cash invariably for ALL machines when received. If any doubt our honor or responsibility, we will cheerfully give the best city reference. Bring or send sample of any goods with which to test the machine.
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BLISS'S SELECT GARDEN SEEDS.
EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Ten Days Earlier than Early Rose. Enormously productive and of Excellent flavor. $1 per pound; 4 pounds by mail, postpaid, for $3 00.
COMPTON'S SURPRISE. 800 bushels to the acre. A little later than Early Rose. Equal in quality. $3 per pound, by mail, postpaid.
$500 will be awarded as premiums to those who produce the largest quantity from one pound. Descriptive Circulars of the above, with list of 500 varieties of Potatoes, free to all.
Illustrated Seed Catalogue, 180 pages with Colored Chromo, 25 cents.
A New Tomato, the "ARLINGTON." ... per packet; five packets for $1.
B. K. BLISS & SONS,
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Write for Large Illustrated Price List, Address,



Breech loading Shot Guns $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns $8 to $150. Single Guns $3 to $20. Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers $6 to $25. Pistols $1 to $8. Gun Material, Fishing Tackle. Large discount to dealers or clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, &c., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express C.O.D. to be examined before paid for.

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Sewing Machine
is the BEST IN THE WORLD.
Agents Wanted. Send for circular. Address, "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

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Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.
are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all diseases of the Lungs.
In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs
Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggists, send at once to the Agent in New York. who will forward them by return mail.
Don't be deceived by Imitations.
Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York.
Send for Circular. Sole Agent for United States.

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VEGETABLE
LIVER PILLS.
The startling drawback on nearly all medicinal agents has ever been that in their process of purgation and purification they have also debilitated the system. To obviate this difficulty physicians have long sought for the agent that would
PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN
At one and the same time.
Their research has at last been rewarded by a discovery which full realizes the fondest desires of the medical faculty, and which is justly regarded as the most important triumph that Pharmacy has ever achieved. The important desideratum is
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Which purify the blood and remove all corrupt humors and unhealthy accumulations from the body, and yet produces no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tones the stomach, and invigorates the body during the progress of their operation. They unite the heretofore irreconcilable qualities of a STRENGTHENING PUGATIVE and PURIFYING TONIC.
Dr. Tutt's Pills are the most active and searching medicine in existence. They at once attack the very root of diseases, and their action is so prompt that in an hour or two after they are taken the patient is aware of their good effects. They may be taken at any time without restraint of diet or occupation; they produce neither nausea, griping or debility, and as a family medicine they have no rival. Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all Druggists. Principal office, 18 and 20 Platt St., New York. 4w

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The Cheapest Land in Market, for sale by the
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Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards, on Five and Ten Years' Credit at 6 per cent. No Advance Interest required.
Mild and Healthful Climate, Fertile Soil, an Abundance of Good Water.
The best Market in the West! The great Mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada, being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.
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FREE HOMES FOR ALL! Millions of acres of choice Government lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near this great railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.
Free passes to purchasers of railroad land.
Sectional maps, showing the land, also new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
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JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER
is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extirpate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to billious derangement.
Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved at once the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, etc.
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For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE
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WILL be sold before the Court House door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A part of land lot No. 114, of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., containing 40 acres, more or less, it being the north part of said lot, bounded on the east by Goodwin & Wallace, north by Elliott, west by Webb, south by Fain. Levied on as the property of George Latham, by virtue of and to satisfy two justice court fi fas issued from the 1026th district G. M., in favor of W. R. Phillips vs. George Latham. Levy made and returned to me by W. A. Starnes, L. C., April 7, 1873.

A. M. PERKERSON,
apr8-law4w—pr$3 50 per levy Sheriff.

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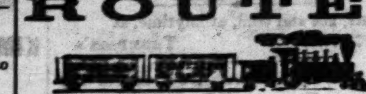
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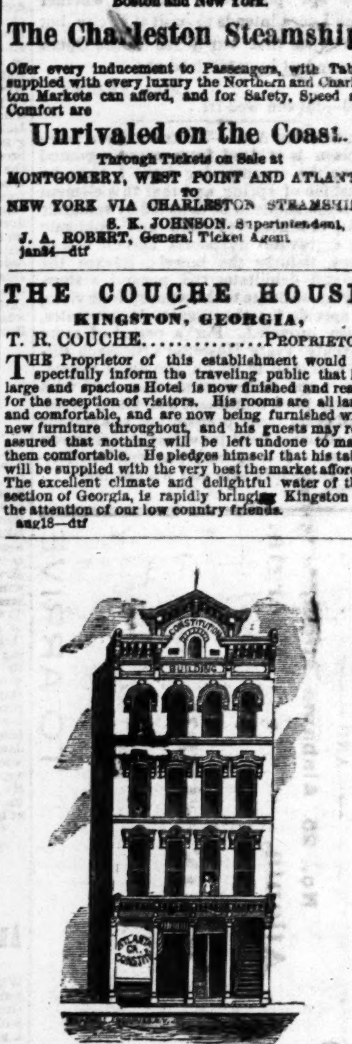
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july21—deodtf

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jan24—dtf

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aug18—dtf



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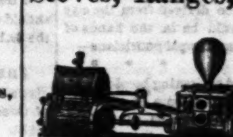
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